



**MOTHER TERESA WOMEN'S
UNIVERSITY KODAIKANAL-
624101**



DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

M.Sc. PHYSICS

Curriculum Framework, Syllabus and Regulations

(Based on TANSCHESyllabus under Choice Based Credit Systems – CBCS)



(For the candidates to be admitted from the Academic Year 2023-2024)

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MOTHER TERESA WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY**KODAIKANAL DEPARTMENT****OF PHYSICS**

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

(2023– 2024 Onwards)

M.Sc. PHYSICS**1. About the Department**

Department of Physics was established in 2002 with M.Sc. Physics. It acts as an instrument for spreading Higher Education in Physics to remote rural areas of Kodaikanal. M.Phil. and Ph.D. programmes were introduced in the year 2005.

2. About the Programme-M.Sc. Physics

M.Sc. Physics is a two-year Postgraduate Programme that provides the learners with theoretical and practical knowledge of Physics and its allied subjects. The Programme, with its strong emphasis on skill development, enriches the learners' research technological and employability skills and thereby ensures their broad-based futuristic developments with sound knowledge and ethical values.

3. Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)

PEO1: To prepare the students to excel in Physics and to succeed in Industry/technical/research based profession.

PEO2: To train students with depth and breadth of knowledge in Physics so as to comprehend, analyze, design and create solutions for real-life problems.

PEO3: To provide strong mathematical and technical foundation needed to solve real world problems and also to pursue higher studies and research in Physics.

PEO4: To inculcate appropriate professional and ethical attitude in students in order to work towards a broader social context.

PEO5: To develop students with leadership qualities and continuous learning ability on the technology needed for a successful profession.

4. Programme Outcomes (POs)

PO1: To

acquire knowledge about the nature, concepts, methods, techniques and objectives in the core subjects

PO2: To cultivate scientific approach and culture of research aptitude.

PO3: To enhance the problem-solving skills of the students so that they will be able to face the national level competitive exams like NET, GATE and SET etc.

PO4: To understand the link of Physics with other disciplines and also to the societal issues.

PO5: To train the students to develop their employability skills and entrepreneurial skills.

5. Program-Specific Outcomes (PSO)

PSO1: To make the students in mastering in the field of Materials Science and Astrophysics and prepare them for research

PSO2: Understand and apply interdisciplinary concepts of Physics for understanding and describing the natural phenomenon

PSO3: Provide basic foundations with a sound knowledge of underlying principles along with recent developments

PSO4: Enable students to work with state-of-the-art technologies

PSO5: Ability to plan and execute their own innovative ideas in the form of projects, product design and development.

PSO6: Know about the importance of research methodology in science by acquiring knowledge in the form of project, summer internship and field visit/industrial visit.

6. Eligibility

B.Sc. Physics, Applied Physics, with Mathematics as allied subject at the UG level

7. General Guidelines for PG Programme

i. Duration: The Programme shall extend through a period of 4 consecutive semesters and The duration of a semester shall normally be 90 days or 450 hours. Examinations shall be conducted at the end of each semester for the respective subjects.

ii. Medium of Instruction: English

8. Evaluation (25+75): Evaluation of the candidates shall be through Internal Assessment and End Semester Examination.

8.1. Evaluation Pattern

EVALUATION PATTERN		Maximum Marks (Theory & Practical)	Minimum Marks (Theory & Practical)
Internal Evaluation	Continuous Internal Assessment Test	25 Marks	13 Marks
	Assignments/Snap Test/Quiz		
	Seminars		
	Attendance and Class Participation		
External Evaluation	End Semester Examination	75 Marks	38 Marks
Total		100 Marks	50 Marks

Minimum credits required to pass: 91

8.2. Internal Assessment-CIA

Theory Course: For the organic courses there shall be three tests conducted by the faculty concerned and the average of the best two can be taken as the Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) for a maximum of 25 marks. The duration of each test shall be one and a half hour.

There is no improvement for CIA of both theory and laboratory, and, also for University End Semester Examination.

8.3. End Semester Examination (Theory): Max. Marks: 75 Time: 3 hrs.

8.4. Written Examination Question Paper Pattern: Theory Paper (Bloom's Taxonomy based) (Common for PG Programmes)

Intended Learning Skills	Maximum 75 Marks Passing Minimum: 50% Duration: Three Hours
Memory Recall / Example/Counter Example / Knowledge about the Concepts/Understanding	Part –A (10x 2 = 20 Marks) Answer ALL questions Each Question carries 2 marks
	Two questions from each UNIT Question 1 to Question 10
Descriptions/ Application (problems)	Part– B (5 x 5 = 25 Marks)
	Answer ALL questions Each question carries 5 Marks
	Either-or Type Both parts of each question from the same UNIT
Analysis/Synthesis/Evaluation	Question 11(a) or 11(b) To Question 15(a) or 15(b)
	Part-C (3x 10 = 30 Marks) Answer any THREE questions Each question carries 10 Marks
	There shall be FIVE questions covering all the five units
	Question 16 to Question 20

Each question should carry the course outcome and cognitive level. For instance,

9.1.I.1. [CO1: K2] Question xxxx

9.1.I.2. [CO3: K1] Question xxxx

8.5. Methods of Assessment

Methods of Assessment	
Recall(K1)	Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions
Understand/Comprehend(K2)	MCQ, True/False, Shortest says, Concept explanations, Short summary or overview
Application(K3)	Suggest idea/concept with examples, Suggest formulae, Solve problems, Observe, Explain
Analyze(K4)	Problem-solving questions, Finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate between various ideas, Map knowledge
Evaluate(K5)	Longer essay/ Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with pros and cons
Create(K6)	Check knowledge in specific or offbeat situations, Discussion, Debating or Presentations

9. Project

9.2. Project Report

A student should select a topic for the Project Work at the end of the third semester itself and submit the Project Report at the end of the fourth semester. The Project Report shall not exceed 40 typed pages in Times New Roman font with 1.5 line space.

9.3. Project Evaluation

There is a Viva Voce Examination for Project Work. The Guide and an External Examiner shall evaluate and conduct the Viva Voce Examination. The Project Work carries 100 marks (Internal: 25 Marks; External (Viva): 75 Marks).

10. Conversion of Marks to Grade Points and Letter Grade (Performance in a course / Paper)

Range of Marks	Grade Points	Letter Grade	Description
90-100	9.0-10.0	O	Outstanding
80-89	8.0-8.9	D+	Excellent
75-79	7.5-7.9	D	Distinction
70-74	7.0-7.4	A+	Very Good
60-69	6.0-6.9	A	Good
50-59	5.0-5.9	B	Average
00-49	0.0	U	Re-appear
ABSENT	0.0	AAA	ABSENT

11. Attendance

Students must have earned 75% of attendance in each course for appearing for the examination. Students with 71% to 74% of attendance must apply for condonation in the Prescribed Form with the prescribed fee. Students with 65% to 70% of attendance must apply for condonation in the Prescribed Form with the prescribed fee along with the Medical Certificate. Students with attendance less than 65% are not eligible to appear for the examination and they shall re-do the course with the prior permission of the Head of the Department, Principal and the Registrar of the University.

12. Maternity Leave

The student who avails maternity leave may be considered to appear for the examination with the approval of Staff in/c, Head of the Department, Controller of Examination and the Registrar.

13. Any Other Information

In addition to the above-mentioned regulations, any other common regulations pertaining to the PG Programmes are also applicable to this Programme.

14. Faculty Course File Structure-Contents

a.	Academic Schedule	q.	Laboratory Experiments related to the Courses
b.	Students Name List	r.	Internal Question Paper
c.	Time Table	s.	External Question Paper
d.	Syllabus	t.	Sample Home Assignment Answer Sheets
e.	Lesson Plan	u.	Three best, three middle level and three average Answer sheets
f.	Staff Workload	v.	Result Analysis (CO wise and whole class)
g.	Course Design (content, Course Outcomes (COs), Delivery method, mapping of Cos with Programme Outcomes (POs), Assessment Pattern in terms of Revised Bloom's Taxonomy).	w.	Question Bank for Higher studies Preparation (GATE/Placement)
h.	Sample CO Assessment Tools	x.	List of mentees and their academic achievements
i.	Faculty Course Assessment Report (FCAR)		
j.	Course Evaluation Sheet		
k.	Teaching Materials (PPT, OHP etc.)		
l.	Lecture Notes		
m.	Home Assignment Questions		
n.	Tutorial Sheets		
o.	Remedial Class Record, if any		
p.	Projects related to the Course		

SYLLABUS FRAMEWORK FOR PG PROGRAMMES
(Asper TANSCHÉ –From2023-24)

FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE COMPONENTS	CourseCode	NAME OF THE COURSE	INST. HRS.	CREDITS	EXAM HRS.	MAX MARKS	
						CIA	EXT.
Core-I	P23PHT101	Core Theory – 1: Mathematical Physics	7	5	3	25	75
Core II	P23PHT102	Core Theory – 2: Classical Mechanics and Relativity	7	5	3	25	75
Core III	P23PHP103	Core Practical – 1: General	6	4	3	25	75
Elective-I	P23PHE11A / P23PHE11B	Discipline Specific Elective – 1: A. Energy Physics/ B. Materials Science	5	3	3	25	75
Generic Elective	P23WSG101	Generic Course-I – Women Empowerment	5	3	3	25	75
Total			30	20			

SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE COMPONENTS	Course Code	NAME OF THE COURSE	INST. HRS.	CREDITS	MAX MARKS	
					CIA	EXT.
Core-IV	P23PHT204	Core Theory – 3: Linear and Digital Ics and Applications	6	5	25	75
Core-V	P23PHT205	Core Theory – 4: Quantum Mechanics-I	6	5	25	75
Core-VI	P23PHP206	Core Practical – 2: Electronics	6	4	25	75
Elective-II	P23PHE22A / P23PHE22B	Discipline Centric Elective: A. Bio Physics / B. General Relativity and Cosmology	4	3	25	75
Generic Course-II	P23CSG202	Generic Course – Cyber Security	4	3	25	75
NME-SEC-I	P23PHN201	NME-Skill Enhancement Course – I(SEC-I)- Structural Analysis by XRD	4	2	25	75
Total			30	22		

THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE COMPONENTS	COURSE CODE	NAME OF COURSE	INST. HRS.	CREDIT	MAX MARKS	
					CIA	EXT.
Core VII	P23PHT307	Core Theory – 5: Quantum Mechanics –II	6	5	25	75
Core VIII	P23PHT308	Core Theory –6: Condensed Matter Physics	6	5	25	75
Core IX	P23PHT309	Core Theory – 7: Statistical Mechanics	6	5	25	75
Core X Practical	P23PHP310	Core Practical – 3: Numerical Methods and Computer Programming (C)	6	4	25	75
Elective – V	P23PHE33A/	Elective – 3: A. Spectroscopy / B. Physics of Nano Science and Technology/ C. Analysis of Crystal Structure	3	3	25	75
	P23PHE33B /					
	P23PHE33C					
NME-II	P23PHN302	Non Major Elective-2: Basic Astrophysics	3	2	25	75
Internship / Industrial Activity	P23PHI301	Internship / Industrial Activity	-	2	-	-
		Total	30	26		

FOURTH SEMESTER

COURSE COMPONENTS	COURSE CODE	NAME OF COURSE	INST. HRS.	CREDIT	MAX MARKS	
					CIA	EXT.
Core XI	P23PHT411	Core Theory – 8: Nuclear and Particle Physics	6	5	25	75
Core XII	P23PHT412	Core Theory – 9: Electromagnetic Theory	6	5	25	75
Core XIII	P23PHPR41	Core -10: Project with Viva-Voce	10	7	25	75
Elective VI	P23PHE44A/	Elective-4: Industry Entrepreneurial A.Characterization of Materials B.Solar Energy Utilization / C.Solid Waste Management	4	3	25	75
	P23PHE44B /					
	P23PHE44C					
SEC-II	P23PHS402	Professional Competency Course Data analysis by Origin software	4	2	25	75

Extension Activity	P23EAS401	Extension Activity	-	1	-	-
		Total	30	23		

FIRST SEMESTER

Core-I Paper-1-MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS	I YEAR-FIRST SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHT101	MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS	Core	7	-	-	5	7	75

Pre-Requisites
Matrices, vectors, differentiation, integration, differential equations
Learning Objectives
➤ To equip students with the mathematical techniques needed for understanding theoretical treatment in different courses taught in their program ➤ To extend their manipulative skills to apply mathematical techniques in their fields ➤ To help students apply Mathematics in solving problems of Physics

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: LINEAR VECTOR SPACE	Basic concepts – Definitions- examples of vector space – Linear independence – Scalar product- Orthogonality – Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization procedure – linear operators – Dual space- ket and bra notation – orthogonal basis – change of basis – Isomorphism of vector space – projection operator – Eigen values and Eigen functions – Direct sum and invariant subspace – orthogonal Transformations and rotation

UNITII: COMPLEXANALYSIS	Review of Complex Numbers -de Moivre's theorem-Functions of a ComplexVariable- Differentiability -Analytic functions- Harmonic Functions-ComplexIntegration-ContourIntegration,Cauchy–Riemannconditions–Singularpoints – Cauchy's Integral Theorem and integral Formula -Taylor's Series -Laurent's Expansion-Zeros and poles – Residue theorem and its Application:Potential theory - (1) Electrostatic fields and complex potentials - Parallel plates,coaxialcylindersandanannularregion(2)Heatproblems-Parallelplatesand Coaxialcylinders
UNITIII: MATRICES	TypesofMatricesandtheirproperties,RankofaMatrix-Conjugateofamatrix - Adjoint of a matrix - Inverse of a matrix - Hermitian and Unitary Matrices - Trace of a matrix- Transformation of matrices - Characteristic equation – EigenvaluesandEigen vectors-Cayley–Hamiltontheorem – Diagonalization

UNITIV: FOURIERTRANSFORMS &LAPLACE TRANSFORMS	Definitions -Fourier transform and its inverse - Transform of Gaussian function and Dirac delta function -Fourier transform of derivatives - Cosine and sinetransforms-Convolutiontheorem.Application:Diffusionequation:Flowofheat in an infinite and in a semi-infinite medium - Wave equation: Vibration of an infinite string and of a semi-infinite string. Laplace transform and its inverse - Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Differentiationandintegrationoftransforms-Diracdeltafunctions-Application – Laplace equation: Potential problem in a semi-infinite strip
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UNIT V: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS	Second order differential equation- Sturm-Liouville's theory - Series solution with simple examples-Hermite polynomials-Generating function-Orthogonality properties- Recurrence relations-Legendre polynomials-Generating function - Rodrigue formula - Orthogonality properties - Dirac delta function-One dimensional Green's function and Reciprocity theorem-Sturm-Liouville's type equation in one dimension & their Green's function.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXTBOOKS	1. George Arfken and Hans J Weber, 2012, Mathematical Methods for Physicists – A Comprehensive Guide (7th edition), Academic press. 2. P.K. Chattopadhyay, 2013, <i>Mathematical Physics</i> (2nd edition), New Age, New Delhi 3. A.W. Joshi, 2017, <i>Matrices and Tensors in Physics</i>, 4th Edition (Paperback), New Age International Pvt. Ltd., India 4. B. D. Gupta, 2009, <i>Mathematical Physics</i> (4th edition), Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi. 5. H.K. Dass and Dr. Rama Verma, 2014, <i>Mathematical Physics</i>, Seventh Revised Edition, S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. E. Kreyszig, 1983, <i>Advanced Engineering Mathematics</i>, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi, 2. D.G. Zill and M.R. Cullen, 2006, <i>Advanced Engineering Mathematics</i>, 3rd Ed. Narosa, New Delhi. 3. S. Lipschutz, 1987, <i>Linear Algebra</i>, Schaum's Series, McGraw-Hill, New York. 4. E. Butkov, 1968, <i>Mathematical Physics</i>, Addison-Wesley, Reading, Massachusetts. 5. P. R. Halmos, 1965, <i>Finite Dimensional Vector Spaces</i>, 2nd Edition, Affiliated East West, New Delhi. 6. C.R. Wylie and L.C. Barrett, 1995, <i>Advanced Engineering Mathematics</i>, 6th Edition, International Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York

WEBSOURCES	1. www.khanacademy.org 2. https://youtu.be/LZnRlOA1_2I 3. http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hmat.html#hmath 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2jymuM7OUU&list=PLhkiT_RYTEU27vS_SIED56gNjVJGO2qaZ 5. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/106/115106086/
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COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course the student will be able to

CO1	Understand use of bracket vector notation and explain the meaning of complete orthonormal set of basis vectors, and transformations and be able to apply them	K1, K2
CO2	Able to understand analytic functions, do complex integration, by applying Cauchy Integral Formula. Able to compute many real integrals and infinite sums via complex integration.	K2, K3
CO3	Analyze characteristic of matrices and its different types, and the process of Diagonalization.	K4
CO4	Solve equations using Laplace transform and analyze the Fourier Transform of different function, grasp how these transformations can speed up analysis and correlate their importance in technology	K4, K5
CO5	To find the solutions for physical problems using linear differential equations and to solve boundary value problems using Green's function. Apply special functions in computation of solutions to real world problems	K2, K5
K1-Remember; K2 –Understand; K3 -Apply; K4 -Analyze; K5 –Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG(3), MEDIUM(2) and LOW(1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

Strong (3) , Medium (2) and Low (1)

Core-II
Paper-2-CLASSICAL MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY

I YEAR-FIRST SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst.Hours	Marks
P23PHT102	CLASSICAL MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY	Core	7	-	-	5	7	75

Pre-Requisites

Fundamentals of mechanics, Foundation in mathematical methods.

Learning Objectives

- To understand fundamentals of classical mechanics.
- To understand Lagrangian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion.
- To understand Hamiltonian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion.
- To discuss the theory of small oscillations of a system.
- To learn the relativistic formulation of mechanics of a system.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: PRINCIPLES OF CLASSICAL MECHANICS	Mechanics of a single particle – mechanics of a system of particles – conservation laws for a system of particles– constraints– holonomic & non-holonomic constraints–generalized coordinates–configuration space–transformation equations–principle of virtual Work.
UNIT II: LAGRANGIAN FORMULATION	D’ Alembert’s principle–Lagrangian equations of motion for conservative systems – applications: (i) simple pendulum (ii) Atwood’s machine (iii) project IL emotion.
UNIT III: HAMILTONIAN EQUATIONS	Hamilton’s Principle–Hamiltonian function, Hamilton’s Equation from variation principle–Hamilton’s canonical equations of motion – applications: (i) simple pendulum (ii) one dimensional simple Harmonic oscillator (iii) motion of particle in a central force field.
UNIT IV: SMALL OSCILLATIONS	Normal frequencies of vibration, Eigenvalue equation, Formulation of The problem–transformation to normal coordinates– frequencies of normal modes– linear triatomic molecule.
UNIT V: RELATIVITY	Inertial and non-inertial frames–Lorentz transformation equations– length contraction and time dilation–relativistic addition of velocities – Einstein’s mass –energy relation–Minkowski’s space–four vectors – position, velocity, momentum, acceleration and force in vector notation and their transformations
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars-Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXTBOOKS	1. H. Goldstein, 2002, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education. 2. J.C. Upadhyaya, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, Himalaya Publishing Co. New Delhi. 3. R. Resnick, 1968, <i>Introduction to Special Theory of Relativity</i>, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi. 4. R.G. Takwala and P.S. Puranik, <i>Introduction to Classical Mechanics</i>—Tata—McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1980. 5. N.C. Rana and P.S. Joag, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>—Tata McGraw Hill, 2001
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. K.R. Symon, 1971, <i>Mechanics</i>, Addison Wesley, London. 2. S.N. Biswas, 1999, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, Books & Allied, Kolkata. 3. Gupta and Kumar, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, Kedar Nath. 4. T.W.B. Kibble, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, ELBS. 5. Greenwood, <i>Classical Dynamics</i>, PHI, New Delhi.
WEBSOURCES	1. http://poincare.matf.bg.ac.rs/~zarkom/Book_Mechanics_Goldstein_Classical_Mechanics_optimized.pdf 2. https://pdfcoffee.com/classical-mechanics-j-c-upadhyay-2014-editionpdf-pdf-free.html 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/106/122106027/ 4. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-09-classical-mechanics-iii-fall-2014/lecture-notes/ 5. https://www.britannica.com/science/relativistic-mechanics

COURSE OUTCOMES
At the end of the course the student will be able

CO1	Understand the fundamentals of classical mechanics.	K2
CO2	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	K3
CO3	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	K3, K5
CO4	Analyze the small oscillations in systems and determine their normal modes of oscillations.	K4, K5
CO5	Understand and apply the principles of relative stick kinematics to the mechanical systems.	K2, K3
K1-Remember; K2 –Understand; K3 -Apply; K4 -Analyze; K5 –Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2

Strong– 3, Medium– 2, Low-1

Core III-PRACTICAL I	I YEAR-FIRST SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHP101	PRACTICAL -I -General	Core	-	-	6	4	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge and hands on experience of basic general experiments of Physics

Learning Objectives

- To understand the concept of mechanical behavior of materials and calculation of same using appropriate equations.
- To calculate the thermodynamic quantities and physical properties of materials.
- To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.

Course Details

General Experiments (Any Twelve Experiments)

1. Determination of Young's modulus and Poisson's ratio by Hyperbolic fringes-Cornu's Method
2. Determination of Viscosity of the given liquid –Meyer's disc
3. Measurement of Coefficient of linear expansion- Air wedge Method
4. B-H loop using Anchoring.
5. Determination of Thickness of the enamel coating on a wire by diffraction
6. Determination of Rydberg's Constant –Hydrogen Spectrum
7. F.P. Etalon
8. Determination of Thickness of a film.-Solar spectrum –Hartmann's formula. Edser and Butler fringes.
9. Measurement of Band gap energy- Thermistor
10. Determination of Planck Constant –LED Method
11. Determination of Specific charge of an electron –Thomson's method.
12. Determination of Compressibility of a liquid using Ultrasonics
13. Determination of Wavelength, Separation of wavelengths-Michelson Interferometer
14. GM counter –Characteristics, inverse square law and absorption coefficient.
15. Measurement of Conductivity-Four probe method.
16. Arc spectrum – Iron.
17. Molecular spectra – ALO band.
18. Measurement of wavelength of Diode Laser/He –Ne Laser using Diffraction grating.
19. Determination of Diffraction pattern of light with circular aperture using Diode/He-Ne laser.

20. Study the beam divergence, spot size and intensity profile of Diode/He-Ne laser.
21. Measurements of Standing wave and standing wave coefficient, Law of Inverse square, Receiver and transmitter behavior, Radiation Pattern-Microwave test bench
22. UV-Visible spectroscopy – Verification of Beer-Lambert's law and identification of wavelength maxima – Extinction coefficient

TEXTBOOKS	1. Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, Pragati Prakashan. 2. Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics-Instruction manual, R. Srinivas and K. R. Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences. 3. Electronic Laboratory Primer design approach, S. Poornachandra, B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi. 4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K Anavas, Rajath Publishing. 5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K Anavas, PHI Eastern Economy Edition
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Advanced Practical Physics, S. P. Singh, Pragati Prakashan. 2. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D. Chattopadhyay, C. R. Rakshit, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd 3. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A. Gaykwad, Eastern Economy Edition. 4. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R. S. Sirohi, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd. 5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T. D, Syam Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing.

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course the student will be able to

CO1	Understand the strength of material using Young's modulus.	K2
CO2	Acquire knowledge of thermal behavior of the materials.	K1
CO3	Understand the theoretical principles of magnetism through the experiments.	K2
CO4	Acquire knowledge about arc spectrum and applications of laser	K1, K3
CO5	Improve the analytical and observation ability in Physics Experiments	K3, K5
CO6	Conduct experiments on applications of FET and UJT	K4
CO7	Analyze various parameters related to operational amplifiers.	K4
CO8	Understand the concepts involved in arithmetic and logic circuits using IC's	K2
CO9	Acquire knowledge about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits	K1
CO10	Analyze the applications of counters and registers	K4
K1-Remember; K2 –Understand; K3 -Apply; K4 -Analyze; K5 –Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

Elective-I - 1. ENERGY PHYSICS**I YEAR-FIRST SEMESTER**

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHE11A	ENERGY PHYSICS	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE	5	-	-	3	5	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of conventional energy resources

Learning Objectives

- To learn about various renewable energy sources.
- To know the ways of effectively utilizing the oceanic energy.
- To study the method of harnessing wind energy and its advantages.
- To learn the techniques useful for the conversion of biomass into useful energy.
- To know about utilization of solar energy.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO ENERGY SOURCES	Conventional and non-conventional energy sources and their availability – prospect of Renewable energy sources – Energy from other sources – chemical energy – Nuclear energy – Energy storage and distribution.
UNIT II: ENERGY FROM THE OCEANS	Energy utilization – Energy from tides – Basic principle of tidal power – utilization of tidal energy – Principle of ocean thermal energy conversion systems.
UNIT III: WIND ENERGY SOURCES	Basic principles of wind energy conversion – power in the wind – forces in the blades – Wind energy conversion – Advantages and disadvantages of wind energy conversion systems (WECS) – Energy storage – Applications of wind energy.
UNIT IV: ENERGY FROM BIOMASS	Biomass conversion Technologies – wet and dry process – Photosynthesis – Biogas Generation: Introduction – basic process: Aerobic and anaerobic digestion – Advantages of anaerobic digestion – factors affecting biogas digestion and generation of gas – bio gas from waste fuel – properties of biogas – utilization of biogas.
UNIT V: SOLAR ENERGY SOURCES	Solar radiation and its measurements – solar cells: Solar cells for direct conversion of solar energy to electric power – solar cell parameter – solar cell electrical characteristics – Efficiency – solar water heater – solar Distillation – solar cooking – solar greenhouse – Solar pond and its applications.

TEXT BOOKS	1. G.D. Rai, 1996, Non – convention sources of, 4th edition, Khannapublishers, New Delhi. 2. S.RaoandDr.Parulekar, Energytechnology. 3. M.P.Agarwal, SolarEnergy, S.Chandand Co., NewDelhi(1983). 4. Solarenergy, principlesofthermalcollectionandstoragebyS.P.Sukhatme, 2nd edition, TataMcGraw-HillPublishingCo.Lt., NewDelhi(1997). 5. EnergyTechnologybyS.RaoandDr.Parulekar.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Renewableenergyresources, JohnTwidellandTonyweir, TaylorandFrancisgroup, London and New York. 2. Appliedsolarenergy, A.B.Meinel and A.P. Meinel 3. JohnTwidellandTonyWeir, Renewableenergyresources, TaylorandFrancisgroup, London and New York. 4. RenewalEnergyTechnologies: APracticalGuideforBeginnersC.S.Solanki-PHILearning 5. IntroductiontoNon-ConventionalEnergyResources-Raja et.al., Sci.TechPublications
WEBSOURCES	1. https://www.open.edu/openlearn/ocw/mod/oucontent/view.php?id=2411&printable=1 2. https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/tidal-energy/ 3. https://www.ge.com/renewableenergy/wind-energy/what-is-wind-energy 4. https://www.reenergyholdings.com/renewable-energy/what-is-biomass/ 5. https://www.acciona.com/renewable-energy/solar-energy/
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONALCOMPONENTS	ExpertLectures, OnlineSeminars- WebinarsonIndustrialInteractions/Visits, CompetitiveExaminations, EmployableandCommunicationSkillEnhancement, SocialAccountabilityandPatriotism

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1	To identify various forms of renewable and non-renewable energy sources	K1
CO2	Understand the principle of utilizing the oceanic energy and apply it for Practical applications.	K2
CO3	Discuss the working of a windmill and analyze the advantages of wind energy.	K3
CO4	Distinguish aerobic digestion process from anaerobic digestion.	K3, K4
CO5	Understand the components of solar radiation, their measurement and apply them to utilize solar energy.	K2, K5
K1-Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 -Apply; K4 -Analyze; K5 -Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

Elective-I- MATERIALS SCIENCE

I YEAR-FIRST SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHE11B	MATERIALS SCIENCE	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE	5	-	-	3	5	75

Pre-Requisites

- Basic knowledge on different types of materials

Learning Objectives

- To gain knowledge on optoelectronic materials
- To learn about ceramic processing and advanced ceramics
- To understand the processing and applications of polymeric materials
- To gain knowledge on the fabrication of composite materials
- To learn about shape memory alloys, metallic glasses and Nano materials

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I: OPTOELECTRONIC MATERIALS	Importance of optical materials – properties: Band gap and lattice matching – optical absorption and emission – charge injection, quasi-Fermi levels and recombination – optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum structures: Inter-band and intra-band transitions Organic semiconductors. Light propagation in materials – Electro-optic effect and modulation, electro-absorption modulation – excite on quenching.
UNIT II: CERAMIC MATERIALS	Ceramic processing: powder processing, milling and sintering – structural ceramics: zirconia, alumina, silicon carbide, tungsten carbide – electronic ceramics – refractories – glass and glass ceramics
UNIT III: POLYMERIC MATERIALS	Polymers and copolymers – molecular weight measurement – synthesis: chain growth polymerization – polymerization techniques – glass transition temperature and its measurement – viscoelasticity – polymer processing techniques – applications: conducting polymers, biopolymers and high temperature polymers.
UNIT IV: COMPOSITE MATERIALS	Particular reinforced composites – fiber reinforced composites – mechanical behavior – fabrication methods of polymer matrix composites and metal matrix composites – carbon/carbon composites: fabrication and applications.

UNIT V: NEW MATERIALS	Shape memory alloys: mechanisms of one-way and two-way shape memory effect, reverse transformation, thermo-elasticity and pseudo-elasticity, examples and applications - bulk metallic glass: criteria for glass formation and stability, examples and mechanical behavior Nanomaterials: classification, size effect on structural and functional properties, processing and properties of Nanocrystalline materials, single walled and multi walled carbon Nano tubes
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UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXTBOOKS	1. Jasprit Singh, Electronic and optoelectronic properties of semi-conductor structures, Cambridge University Press, 2007 2. P.K. Mallick, Fiber-Reinforced Composites, CRC Press, 2008. 3. V. Raghavan, 2003, Materials Science and Engineering, 4th Edition, Prentice-Hall India, New Delhi (For units 2, 3, 4 and 5) 4. G.K. Narula, K.S. Narula and V.K. Gupta, 1988, Materials Science, Tata McGraw-Hill 5. M. Arumugam, 2002, Materials Science, 3rd revised Edition, Anuratha Agencies
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, B. Raj, B. B. Rath and J. Murday. Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology. Springer-Verlag, 2012. 2. K. Yamauchi, I. Ohkita, K. Tsuchiya and S. Miyazaki (Eds). Shape Memory and Super Elastic Alloys: Technologies and Applications. Woodhead Publishing Limited, 2011. 3. Lawrence H. Van Vlack, 1998. Elements of Materials Science and Engineering, 6th Edition, Second ISE reprint, Addison-Wesley. 4. H. Ibach and H. Luth, 2002, Solid State Physics – An Introduction to Principles of Materials Science, 2nd Edition, Springer. 5. D. Hull & T.W. Clyne, An introduction to composite materials, Cambridge University Press, 2008.
WEBSOURCES	1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_mm02/preview 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104229 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/113/105/113105081 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113/105/113105025/ https://eng.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Materials_Science/Supplemental_Modules_(Materials_Science)/Electronic_Properties/Lattice_Vibrations

COURSE OUTCOMES
At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1	Acquire knowledge on optoelectronic materials	K1
CO2	Be able to prepare ceramic materials	K3
CO3	Be able to understand the processing and applications of polymeric materials	K2, K3
CO4	Be aware of the fabrication of composite materials	K5
CO5	Be knowledgeable of shape memory alloys, metallic glasses, and Nano materials	K1
K1-Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 -Apply; K4 -Analyze; K5 -Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

GENERICCOURSEI-WOMENEMPOWERMENT**Code:P23WSG11**

Course CodeYear/semester	CourseName	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst.Hours	Marks		
								CI A	External	Total
P23WSG101 IYEAR/ISEMESTER	WOMENEMPOWERMENT	GENERIC COURSE	5	-	-	3	5	25	75	100

LearningObjectives

LO1	Toknowthe CourseObjectives types, determinantsof women Empowerment
LO2	Tolearnthevariousnationalandinternationalagenciesforwomenempowerment.
LO3	Toupliftwomeninsocially,economicallyandpoliticallyasempowered.
LO4	Tomakeawareof women rights and enhancetheir life
LO5	ToknowthewomenentrepreneurshipdevelopmentinIndia

Details

Unit 1: Fundamentals of Women's Studies - Meaning and Definition of the concept of Women's studies –Need and Scope - Women's studies as an academic discipline - Women'sStudies–InternationalWomen'sYear1975-InternationalWomen'sDecade1975-1985;TowardsEqualStatus1976–Currenttrends-Importanceofwomen's education–Life Skill Education to build capacity - Education as a tool of Women Empowerment - Obstacles to Women Education – Social, Economic, Culturaland otherfactors, limitations ofFormal systemofeducation.

UNIT II - Issues of Women - Girl Children and Women in Society - Social Networking – Typesof Social Networking - impact and consequences of networking - Remedial measures andstrategies for solution- NCW: Initiatives to overcome Women's issues - Ministry of Home Affairsand Networking with State Women Commissions: Cyber Crime Prevention against Women andChildren (CCPWC)-challenges - Motherhood - Single Parent - Widows – Multiple Roles ofWomen-Roleconflict,Rolechange -Social Responsibilityand GenderEmpowerment.

UNIT III - Achievement and Rights of Women - Gender Equality: Achievement of Women - Educational, Political, Economic, Social - Panchayat Raj - Political role and participation – National and International Levels; Women's Rights - Property Rights - Redressal mechanism at different levels

- Rights of Women with Disability:

Case Studies on Women Achievers

in the field of politics, education, arts science, law etc.

UNIT IV – Empowerment of Women - Empowerment of Women: Alternative approaches - Women in Development (WID) - Women and Development (WAD) - Role of Govt. and NGOs - Help line numbers in promoting women's empowerment - National and International Funding Agencies in promoting research on women.

UNIT V - Women Entrepreneurship - Types of Entrepreneurs Opportunities and Risk – Push and Pull Factors – financial Assistance and credit facilities- Micro finance- Entrepreneurship Skill and Competencies - Women Entrepreneurship Development in India: TRYSEM – NABARD – NMEW - Support to STEP – TREAD – Rural Entrepreneurship Development Programme – Gramia Bank – Mahila bank and supportive measures- Industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI) – Small Industries Development Bank of India – SHG and Entrepreneurship opportunities.

Course Outcomes

Course Outcomes	On completion of this course, students will;	
CO1	Gain knowledge about the concept, need and scope of women's studies.	
CO2	Acquaint and analyze issues of women in various contexts.	
CO3	Understand changing role of women in society and issues related to it.	
CO4	Understand the importance of women's education.	
CO5	Comprehend the empowerment of women and their achievement.	
Text Books (Latest Editions)		
1.	Rani Sandhya, "Development of Women – Issues and Challenges", Discover Publishing House Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.	

References Books
(Latest editions and the style as given below must be strictly adhered to)

1.	Anil Kumar Jha, "Gender Inequality and Women Empowerment", Axis Books, New Delhi, 2012.
2.	Nandal Santosh, "Women and Development", A Mittal Publications, New Delhi, 2012
3.	Nandal Santosh, "Women and Development", A Mittal Publications, New Delhi, 2012.
4.	Rao Pulla, "Political Empowerment of Women in India – Challenges and Strategies", ABD Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.
5.	Jenny Edwards, Andrea Cornwall, et al. "Feminisms, Empowerment and Development: Changing Women's Lives", Kindle Edition, 2014.
6.	Elson Diane, et al. "Gender Equality and Inclusive Growth: Economic Policies to Achieve Sustainable Development", UN Women, 2019.
7.	Priyanka Sharma Gurnani, "Women Entrepreneurship – Emerging Dimension of Entrepreneurship in India" Educreation Publishing House, New Delhi, 2016.

Websources

1.	https://paradisevalley.libguides.com/the111/theatre_history_websites
2.	https://www.britannica.com/place/England/Performing-arts
3.	https://www.worldhistory.org/Greek_Theatre/
4.	https://archive.org/details/fundamentalsofpl0000dean_v3x3
5.	http://scriptclickcreate.weebly.com/acting.html
6.	https://www.britannica.com/art/theater-building/Production-aspects-of-Expressionist-theatre

Mapping with Programme Outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	S	M
CO2	M	S	S	S	M	S	S	M	M	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	M	S	M
CO4	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	M
CO5	S	M	S	S	S	S	S	M	M	S

Mapping with Programme-Specific Outcomes

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

SECOND SEMESTER

Core-IV- Paper-3-LINEAR AND DIGITAL ICs & APPLICATIONS	I YEAR- SECOND SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
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P23PHT203	LINEAR AND DIGITAL ICs AND APPLICATIONS	Core	6	-	-	5	6	75
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Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of semiconductor devices, basic concepts of digital and analog electronics

Learning Objectives

- To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
- To teach the linear and non-linear applications of operational amplifiers.
- To introduce the theory and applications of PLL.
- To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce one special function ICs.
- Exposure to digital IC's

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: INTEGRATED CIRCUITS AND OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER	Introduction, Classification of IC's, Operational Amplifier: Differential Amplifier, DC and AC analysis of dual input balanced output configuration, dual input unbalanced output. Characteristics of Op-amps, Op-amp block diagram, ideal and practical Op-amp specifications. DC characteristics: Input & output offset voltages & currents, drift. AC characteristics: Frequency response, slew rate, CMRR and PSRR
UNIT II: APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP	LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Solution to simultaneous equations and differential equations, Instrumentation amplifiers, V_{to} and I_{to} V converters. NON-LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Sample and Hold circuit, Log and Antilog amplifier, multiplier and Divider, Comparators, Schmitt trigger, Multivibrators, Triangular and Square wave form generators.

	applications, Schmitt trigger, PLL - introduction, basic principle, phase detector/comparator, voltage controlled oscillator(IC566),low pass filter, monolithic PLL and applications of PLL
UNIT IV: VOLTAGE REGULATOR & D to A AND A to D CONVERTERS	VOLTAGE REGULATOR: Introduction, Series Op-Amp regulator, IC Voltage Regulators, IC 723 general purpose regulators, Switching Regulator. D to A AND A to D CONVERTERS: Introduction, basic DAC techniques -weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC, inverted R-2R DAC, A to D converters-parallel comparator type ADC, counter type ADC, successive Approximation ADC and dual slope ADC, DAC and ADC Specifications.
UNIT III: ACTIVE FILTERS & TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS	ACTIVE FILTERS: Introduction, Butterworth filters – 1st order, 2 nd order low pass and high pass filters, band pass, band reject and all pass filters. TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS: Introduction to IC 555 timer, Description of functional diagram, monostable and astable operations and

UNIT V: CMOS LOGIC, COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs & SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs	CMOS LOGIC: CMOS logic levels, MOS transistors, Basic CMOS Inverter, NAND and NOR gates, CMOS AND-OR-INVERT and OR-AND-INVERT gates, implementation of any function using CMOS logic. COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Study of logic Gates using 74XX ICs, Four-bit parallel adder (IC 7483), Comparator (IC 7485), Decoder (IC 74138, IC 74154), BCD to 7-segment decoder (IC 7447), Encoder (IC 74147), Multiplexer (IC 74151), DEMultiplexer (IC 74154). SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Flip Flops (IC 7474, IC 7473), Shift Registers, Universal Shift Register (IC 74194), 4-bit asynchronous binary counter (IC 7493).
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXTBOOKS	1. D. Roy Choudhury, Shail B. Jain (2012), Linear Integrated Circuit, 4th edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India 2. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, (2012), OP-AMP and Linear Integrated Circuits, 4th edition, Prentice Hall/Pearson Education, New Delhi. 3. B.L. Theraja and A.K. Theraja, 2004, A Textbook of Electrical technology, S. Chand & Co. 4. V.K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta, 2008, Principles of Electronics, S. Chand & Co, 12th Edition. 5. V. Vijayendran, 2008, Introduction to Integrated electronics (Digital & Analog), S. Viswanathan Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Reprint. V.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Sergio Franco (1997), Design with operational amplifiers and analog integrated circuits, McGraw Hill, New Delhi. 2. Gray, Meyer (1995), Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, Wiley International, New Delhi. 3. Malvino and Leach (2005), Digital Principles and Applications 5th

	Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi - Floyd, Jain (2009), Digital Fundamentals, 8th edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi. - Integrated Electronics, Millman & Halkias, Tata McGraw Hill, 17th Reprint (2000) - John F. Wakerly, "Digital Design Principles and Practices", Prentice Hall, 3rd Edition, 2005. M. Morris Mano, Michael D. Ciletti, "Digital Design", Pearson Education/PHI, 3rd Edition, 2008
WEBSOURCES	https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/digitalcircuits/ https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/electronics/operationalamplifier/ https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/textbook/semiconductors/chpt-7/field-effect-controlled-thyristors/ https://www.electrical4u.com/applications-of-op-amp/ https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/digital-electronics-logic-design-tutorials/

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course the student will be able to

CO1	Learn about the basic concepts for the circuit configuration for the design of Linear integrated circuits and develop skill to solve problems	K1, K5
CO2	Develop skill to design linear and non-linear applications circuits using Op-Amp and design the active filters circuits.	K3
CO3	Gain knowledge about PLL, and develop the skill to design the simple Circuit's using IC 555 timer and can solve problems related to it.	K1, K3
CO4	Learn about various techniques to develop A/D and D/A converters.	K2
CO5	Acquire the knowledge about the CMOS logic, combinational and sequential circuits	K1, K4
K1-Remember; K2 –Understand; K3 -Apply; K4 -Analyze; K5 –Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1

Strong(3) Medium (2) and Low(1)

Paper4 –QUANTUMMECHANICS– I	I YEAR-SECOND SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHT204	QUANTUMMECHANICS– I	Core	6	-	-	5	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Newton's laws of motion, Schrodinger's equation, integration, differentiation.

Learning Objectives

- To develop the physical principles and the mathematical background important to quantum mechanical descriptions.
- To describe the propagation of a particle in a simple, one-dimensional potential.
- To formulate and solve the Schrodinger's equation to obtain Eigen vectors and energies for particle in a three-dimensional potential.
- To explain the mathematical formalism and the significance of constants of motion, and see their relation to fundamental symmetries in nature
- To discuss the Approximation methods like perturbation theory, Variational and WKB Methods for solving the Schrodinger equation.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: BASIC FORMALISM	Interpretation of the wavefunction – Time dependent Schrodinger equation – Time independent Schrodinger equation – Stationary states – Ehrenfest's theorem – Linear vector space – Linear operator – Eigen functions and Eigen Values – Hermitian Operator – Postulates of Quantum Mechanics – Simultaneous measurability of observables – General Uncertainty relation
UNIT II: ONE DIMENSIONAL AND THREE-DIMENSIONAL ENERGY EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS	Square – well potential with rigid walls – Square well potential with finite walls – Square potential barrier – Alpha emission – Bloch waves in a periodic potential – Kronig-penny square – well periodic potential – Linear harmonic oscillator: Operator method – Particle moving in a spherically symmetric potential – System of two interacting particles – Hydrogen atom – Rigid rotator
UNIT III: GENERAL FORMALISM	Dirac notation – Equations of motions – Schrodinger representation – Heisenberg representation – Interaction representation – Coordinate representation – Momentum representation – Symmetries and conservation laws – Unitary transformation – Parity and time reversal

UNIT IV: APPROXIMATION METHODS	Time independent perturbation theory for non-degenerate energy levels – Degenerate energy levels – Stark effect in Hydrogen atom – Ground and excited state – Variation method – Helium atom – WKB approximation – Connection formulae (no derivation)–WKB quantization–Application to Simple harmonic oscillator.
UNIT V: ANGULAR MOMENTUM	Eigenvalue spectrum of general angular momentum – Ladder operators and their algebra–Matrix representation– Spin angular momentum–Addition of angular momenta – CG Coefficients – Symmetry and anti – symmetry of wave functions–Construction of wave-functions and Pauli's exclusion Principle.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXTBOOKS	1. P.M.Mathews and K.Venkatesan, A Textbook of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition (37th Reprint), Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010. 2. G.Aruldas, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009. 3. David J Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, 4th edition, Pearson, 2011. 4. S.L.Gupta and I.D.Gupta, Advanced Quantum Theory and Fields, 1st Edition, S.Chand & Co., New Delhi, 1982. 5. A.Ghatak and S.Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications, 4th Edition, Macmillan, India, 1984.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. E.Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1970. 2. V.K.Thankappan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 1985. 3. L.D.Landau and E.M.Lifshitz, Quantum Mechanics, 1st edition, Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1976. 4. S.N.Biswas, Quantum Mechanics, Books and Allied Ltd., Kolkata, 1999. 5. V.Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Alpha Science International Ltd, Oxford, 2011.
WEBSOURCES	1. http://research.chem.psu.edu/lxjgroup/download_files/chem565-c7.pdf 2. http://www.feynmanlectures.caltech.edu/III_20.html 3. http://web.mit.edu/8.05/handouts/jaffe1.pdf 4. https://hepwww.pp.rl.ac.uk/users/haywood/Group_Theory_Lectures/Lecture_1.pdf 5. https://theory.physics.manchester.ac.uk/~xian/qm/chapter3.pdf

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course the student will be able to

CO1	Demonstrates a clear understanding of the basic postulates of quantum mechanics which serve to formalize the rules of quantum Mechanics	K1, K5
CO2	Is able to apply and analyze the Schrodinger equation to solve one Dimensional problems and three dimensional problems	K3, K4
CO3	Can discuss the various representations, space timesymmetries and Formulationsoftimeevolution	K1
CO4	Canformulateandanalyzetheapproximationmethodsforvarious Quantummechanicalproblems	K4, K5
CO5	Toapplynon-commutativealgebrafortopics suchasangularandspin Angularmomentumandhence explainspectrallinesplitting.	K3, K4
K1-Remember; K2 –Understand; K3 -Apply;K4 -Analyze; K5 –Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	S	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	S	3	3	2	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

Core VI-PRACTICAL II	I YEAR-SECOND SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHP202	PRACTICAL II- ELECTRONICS	Core	-	-	6	4	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge and handling of basic electronic experiments of Physics

Learning Objectives

- To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.
- To observe the applications of FET and UJT.
- To study the different applications of operational amplifier circuits.
- To learn about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits

ELECTRONICS

(Any twelve experiments)

1. Construction of relaxation oscillator using UJT
2. FET CS amplifier-Frequency response, input impedance, output impedance
3. Study of important electrical characteristics of IC 741. V-I characteristics of different colours of LED.
4. Study of attenuation characteristics of Wien's bridge network and design of Wien's bridge oscillator using Op-Amp.
5. Study of attenuation characteristics of Phase shift network and design of Phase shift oscillator using Op-Amp.
6. Construction of Schmidt triggers circuit using IC 741 for a given hysteresis- application as square wave.
7. Construction of square wave Triangular wave generator using IC 741
8. Construction of a quadrature wave using IC 324
9. Construction of pulse generator using the IC 741-application as frequency divider
10. Construction of Op-Amp-4 bit Digital to Analog converter (Binary Weighted and R/2R ladder type)
11. Study of Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary code conversion.
12. Study of R-S, clocked R-S and D-Flip flop using NAND gates
13. Study of J-K, D and T flip flops using IC 7476/7473
14. Arithmetic operations using IC 7483-4-bit binary addition and subtraction.
15. Study of Arithmetic logic unit using IC 74181.
16. Construction of Encoder and Decoder circuits using ICs.

TEXTBOOKS	1. Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, Pragati Prakashan 2. Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics-Instruction manual, R. Srinivasan K. R. Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences 3. Op- Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A. Gaykward, Eastern Economy Edition. 4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K. A. Navas, Rajath Publishing 5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K. A. Navas, PHI Eastern Economy Edition
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D. Chattopadhyay, C. R. Rakshit, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd 2. Advanced Practical Physics, S. P. Singh, Pragati Prakashan 3. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R. S. Sirohi, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd 4. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T. D, Syam Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing 5. Electronic Laboratory Primer a design approach, S. Poornachandra, B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total
25	75	100

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course the student will be able to

CO1	Understand the strength of material using Young's modulus	K2
CO2	Acquire knowledge of thermal behaviour of the materials	K1
CO3	Understand theoretical principles of magnetism through the experiments.	K2
CO4	Acquire knowledge about arc spectrum and application of laser	K1
CO5	Improve the analytical and observation ability in Physics Experiments	K4
CO6	Conduct experiments on application of FET and UJT	K5
CO7	Analyze various parameters related to operational amplifiers	K4
CO8	Understand the concepts involved in arithmetic and logic circuits using IC's	K2
CO9	Acquire knowledge about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits	K3
CO10	Analyze the application of counters and registers	K4
K1-Remember; K2 –Understand; K3 -Apply; K4 -Analyze; K5– Evaluate		

MAPPINGWITHPROGRAMOUTCOMES

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes(PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM(2) and LOW(1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	2	2	S	S	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	S	S	S	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low(1)

Elective II- BIO PHYSICS			IYEAR– SECONDSEMESTER					
Subject Code	SubjectName	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst.Hours	Marks
P23PHE22A	BIOPHYSICS	DISCIPLINE CENTRICE LECTIVE	4	-	-	3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Fundamental concepts of Physics and Biology
Learning Objectives
➤ To understand the physical principles involved in cell function maintenance. ➤ To understand the fundamental of macromolecular structures involved in propagation of life. ➤ To understand the bio physical function of membrane and neuron. ➤ To understand various kinds of radiation and their effects on living system and to know the hazards posed by such radiations and the required precautions. ➤ To understand the physical principles behind the various techniques available for Interrogating biological macromolecules.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: CELLULAR BIO PHYSICS	Architecture and Life Cycle of cells – Organelles of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell – Cell size and shape – Fine structure of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell organization – Compartment & assemblies membranes system – Extracellular matrix - Molecular mechanisms of Vesicular traffic – Electrical activities of cardiac and neuronal cells.
UNIT II: MOLECULAR BIOPHYSICS	Macromolecular structure: Protein structure – amino acids, peptide bonds, primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures of proteins Nucleic acid structure: nucleosides and nucleotides, RNA structure, DNA structure and conformation. Special Bio-macromolecules: Metalloproteins, nucleoproteins, ribozymes, chaperons and prions.
UNIT III: MEMBRANE AND NEUROBIOPHYSICS	Models membranes - Biological membranes and dynamics – Membrane Capacitors – Transport across cell and organelle membranes – Ion channels. Nervous system: Organization of the nervous system – Membrane potential – Origin of membrane potential – Electrochemical potentials – Nernst equation – Goldman equation.

UNIT IV: RADIATION BIOPHYSICS	X-Ray: Effect on bio-macromolecules– Gamma Radiation: Molecular effects of gamma radiation, Radiation effects on nucleic acids and membranes, Effect on cell and organelles– UV radiation: Effect on bio-
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	Macromolecules and proteins – Radiation hazards and protection – use of radiations in cancer.
UNIT V: PHYSICAL METHODS IN BIOLOGY	Spectroscopy: UV-Visible absorption spectrophotometry – Optical Rotatory Dispersion (ORD) – Structure Determination: X-ray Crystallography, Electron spin resonance (ESR) and biological applications. Chromatography: Thin layer chromatography (TLC), Gas liquid chromatography (GLC) – Centrifugation: Differential centrifugation, density gradient centrifugation. Electrophoresis: Gel electrophoresis, Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXTBOOKS	1. The cell: A molecular approach, Geoffrey M. Cooper, ASM Press, 2013. 2. Biophysics, Vasantha Patabhi, N. Gautham, Narosa Publishing, 2009 3. Biophysics, P.S. Mishra VK Enterprises, 2010. 4. Biophysics, M.A Subramanian, MJ Publishers, 2005. 5. Bioinstrumentation, L. Veerakumari, MJ Publishers, 2006.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Chemical Biophysics by Daniel A Beard (Cambridge University Press, 2008) 2. Essential cell biology by Bruce Albert et al (Garland Science) 3. Biophysics, W. Hoppe, W. Lohmann, H. Markland H. Ziegler. Springer Verlag, Berlin (1983). 4. Membrane Biophysics by Mohammad Ashrafuzzaman, Jack A. Tuszyński, (Springer science & business media). 5. Biological spectroscopy by Iain D. Campbell, Raymond A. Dwek
WEBSOURCES	1. General Bio: http://www.biology.arizona.edu/DEFAULT.html 2. Spectroscopy: http://www.cis.rit.edu/htbooks/nmr/inside.htm 3. Electrophoresis: http://learn.genetics.utah.edu/content/labs/gel/ 4. Online biophysics programs: http://mw.concord.org/modeler/ 5. https://blanco.biomol.uci.edu/WWWResources.html

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1	Understand the structural organization and function of living cells and should be able to apply the cell signaling mechanism and its electrical activities.	K2, K3
CO2	Comprehension of the role of bimolecular conformation to function.	K1
CO3	Conceptual understanding of the function of biological membranes and also to understand the functioning of nervous system.	K2, K5
CO4	To know the effects of various radiations on living systems and how to prevent ill effects of radiations.	K1, K5
CO5	Analyze and interpret data from various techniques viz., spectroscopy, crystallography, chromatography etc.,	K4

APPINGWITHPROGRAMOUTCOMES

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specificoutcomes(PSO)in the3-point scale ofSTRONG (3), MEDIUM(2)and LOW(1)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	1	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	3

Strong(3) Medium (2)and Low(1)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst.Hours	Marks
P23PHE22B	GENERAL RELATIVITY AND COSMOLOGY	DISCIPLINE CENTRICE LECTIVE	4	-	-	3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Skill in mathematics and mechanics

Learning Objectives

- To give an introduction to students in the areas of general relativity and cosmology

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: TENSORS	Tensors in index notation -Kronecker and Levi Civita tensors - inner and outer products - contraction - symmetric and anti-symmetric tensors – quotient law - metric tensors - covariant and contra variant tensors - vectors – the tangent space-dual vectors-tensors-tensor products-the Levi-Civita tensor-tensors in Riemann spaces
UNIT I: TENSORS FIELD	Vector-fields, tensor-fields, transformation of tensors - gradient and Laplace operator in general coordinates-covariant derivatives and Christoffel reconnection -Elasticity: Field tensor-field energy tensor-strain tensor-Tensor of elasticity-curvature tensor
UNIT III: GENERAL RELATIVITY	The space time interval - the metric - Lorentz transformations - space-time diagrams -world-lines - proper time - energy-momentum vector - energy-momentum tensor-perfect fluids-energy-momentum conservation-parallel transport-the parallel propagator-geodesics-affine parameters-the Riemann curvature tensor-symmetries of the Riemann tensor-the Bianchi identity
UNIT IV: TENSOR IN RELATIVITY	Ricci and Einstein tensors - Weyl tensor - Killing vectors - the Principle of Equivalence - gravitational redshift - gravitation as space-time curvature – the Newtonian limit - physics in curved space-time - Einstein's equations – the Weak Energy Condition - causality - spherical symmetry - the Schwarzschild metric-perihelion precession
UNIT V: COSMOLOGY	Expansion of the Universe - thermal history - and the standard cosmological model-Friedman-Robertson-Walkertype models of the Universe-Primordial inflation and the theory of cosmological fluctuations - Theory and observations of the cosmic microwave background and of the large-scale structure of the Universe-Dark matter and dark energy-theoretical questions and observational evidence - inflation - origin of galaxies and other open problems

UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars-Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations ,Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
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TEXT BOOKS	1. M.R.Spiegel, <i>Vector Analysis, Schaum 'aoutline series</i>, McGrawHill, New York, 1974. 2. James Hartle, <i>Gravity: An introduction to Einstein's general relativity</i>, San Francisco, Addison-Wesley, 2002 3. Sean Carroll, <i>Spacetime and Geometry: An Introduction to General Relativity</i>, (Addison-Wesley, 2004). 4. Jerzy Plebanski and Andrzej Krasinski, <i>An Introduction to General Relativity and Cosmology</i>, Cambridge University Press 2006 5. Meisner, Thorne and Wheeler: <i>Gravitation</i> W.H. Freeman & Co., San Francisco 1973
REFEREN CE BOOKS	1. Robert M. Wald: <i>Space, Time, and Gravity: the Theory of the Big Bang and Black Holes</i>, Univ. of Chicago Press. 2. J.V. Narlikar, <i>Introduction to Cosmology</i>, Jones & Bartlett 1983 3. Steven Weinberg, <i>Gravitation and Cosmology</i>, New York, Wiley, 1972. 4. Jerzy Plebanski and Andrzej Krasinski, <i>An Introduction to General Relativity and Cosmology</i>, Cambridge University Press 2006 5. R. Adler, M. Bazin & M. Schiffer, <i>Introduction to General Relativity</i>
WEBS OURCES	1. http://www.fulviofrisone.com/attachments/article/486/A%20First%20Course%20I%20General%20Relativity%20-%20Bernard%20F.Schutz.pdf 2. https://link.springer.com/book/9780387406282 3. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/8-962-general-relativity-spring-2020/resources/lecture-18-cosmology-i/ 4. https://arxiv.org/abs/1806.10122 5. https://uwaterloo.ca/applied-mathematics/future-undergraduates/what-you-can-learn-applied-mathematics/relativity-and-cosmology

COURSE OUT COMES
At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1	Skill fully handle tensors	K1
CO2	Understanding of the underlying theoretical aspects of general relativity and cosmology	K2
CO3	Gain knowledge on space time curvature	K1
CO4	Equipped to take up research in cosmology	K3,K4
CO5	Confidently solve problems using mathematical skills	K5
K1-Remember;K2 – Understand;K3 -Apply;K4 -Analyze;K5 -Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO5	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2

GENERIC COURSE	I YEAR– SECOND SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst.Hours	Marks
P23CSG202	CYBER SECURITY	GENERIC COURSE	4	-	-	3	4	75

Skill Enhancement Course –1(SEC-1)	I YEAR– SECOND SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst.Hours	Marks
P23PHNM2 1	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS BY XRD	NME_SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE	4	-	-	2	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of X-ray, basic concepts of refraction and diffraction

Learning Objectives

- To enable the students to acquire knowledge in XRD
- To know the methods in X-Ray Diffraction Method
- At the end of the course, the students will be able to plan experimental projects and execute them.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: Instrumentation	Principle-Collimator-Monochromators-Detectors
UNIT II: Counter Methods	Geiger-Muller Tube Counter-Proportional Counter-Scintillation Detectors-Solid State Semi-conductor Detectors-Semiconductor Detectors
UNIT III: X-Ray Diffraction Methods	Laue's Photographic Method-Transmission Laue Method-Back Reflection Method: Bragg's X-Ray Spectrometer Method, Rotating Crystal Method-Complete Rotation Method-Oscillation Method, Powder Crystal Method

UNITIV: X-Ray Fluorescence Methods	X-ray Fluorescence Spectrometers-Energy Dispersion Spectrometers-Analytical applications-X-ray Diffraction-Reciprocal Lattice Concept-Diffraction Patterns-Automatic Diffractometers-Choice of X-Radiation-Specimen Preparation-X-ray Powder Data file.
UNITV: X-Ray diffraction quantitative analysis	Structural Applications-Structural analysis using JCPDS software-Crystal Topography-AUGER Emission Spectroscopy-AES Instrumentation-Quantitative Analysis with AES-Scanning Auger Microprobe (SAM)-Electron Spectroscopy for chemical analysis (ESCA)-Chemical Shift-ESCA Instrumentation-ESCA Electron Analyzers –Detectors -Scanning ESCA-Quantitative Analysis.
TEXTBOOKS	1 Willard Merritt, Instrumental Methods of Analysis, CBS publishers & distributors-(1986) 2 B.D. Cullity, Elements of X-Ray Diffraction Hardcover, Pearson Publisher-(2001) 3 Kaimin Shih, X-Ray Diffraction: Structure, Principles & Applications (Materials Science and Technologies), Nova science Publisher-(2013) 4 E.W. Nuffield, X-ray diffraction methods, Wiley-(1967)
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Myeongkyu Lee, X-Ray Diffraction for Materials Research From Fundamentals to Applications, Wiley-(2016) 2. Emil Zolotoyabko, Basic Concepts of X-Ray Diffraction, Wiley-(2014)
WEB SOURCES	6. https://www.twi-global.com/technical-knowledge/faqs/x-ray-diffraction 7. https://imf.ucmerced.edu/sites/imf.ucmerced.edu/files/page/documents/x-ray_powder_diffraction.pdf 8. https://ethz.ch/content/dam/ethz/special-interest/chab/icb/van-bokhoven-group-dam/coursework/Characterization-Techniques/2018/XRD_lecture_AnaBPinar_2017_part_1.pdf 9. https://old.amu.ac.in/emp/studym/100012857.pdf

COURSEOUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

CO1	Able to understand the instrumentation of XRD	K2
CO2	Get knowledge about the Counters	K1
CO3	Understand the X-Ray diffraction methods	K2
CO4	Know how to use XRD analysis	K3
CO5	Know where to apply XRD	K1
K1-Remember; K2 –Understand; K3 -Apply; K4 -Analyze; K5 –Evaluate		

MAPPINGWITHPROGRAMOUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specificoutcomes(**PSO**)in the3-point scale ofSTRONG (3), MEDIUM(2)andLOW(1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	1
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	1
CO4	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2

Strong (3) Medium (2)and Low(1)

CORE VII Paper 7 - QUANTUM MECHANICS – II	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER
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THIRD SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHT 305	QUANTUM MECHANICS – II	Core	6	-	-	5	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Knowledge of postulates of Quantum mechanics, properties of Hermitian operators, ladder operators, degeneracy, angular momentum techniques and commutation rules
Learning Objectives
➤ Formal development of the theory and the properties of angular momenta, both orbital and spin ➤ To familiarize the students to the crucial concepts of scattering theory such as partial wave analysis and Born approximation. ➤ Time-dependent Perturbation theory and its application to study of interaction of an atom with the electromagnetic field ➤ To give the students a firm grounding in relativistic quantum mechanics, with emphasis on Dirac equation and related concepts ➤ To introduce the concept of covariance and the use of Feynman graphs for depicting different interactions

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT 1: SCATTERING THEORY	Scattering amplitude – Cross sections – Born approximation and its validity – Scattering by a screened coulomb potential – Yukawa potential – Partial wave analysis – Scattering length and Effective range theory for s wave – Optical theorem – Transformation from centre of mass to laboratory frame.
UNIT II: PERTURBATION THEORY	Time dependent perturbation theory – Constant and harmonic perturbations – Fermi Golden rule – Transition probability Einstein's A and B Coefficients – Adiabatic approximation – Sudden approximation – Semi – classical treatment of an atom with electromagnetic radiation – Selection rules for dipole radiation
UNIT III: RELATIVISTIC QUANTUM MECHANICS	Klein – Gordon Equation – Charge And Current Densities – Dirac Matrices – Dirac Equation – Plane Wave Solutions – Interpretation Of Negative Energy States – Antiparticles – Spin of Electron – Magnetic Moment Of An Electron Due To Spin
UNIT IV: DIRAC EQUATION	Covariant form of Dirac Equation – Properties of the gamma matrices – Traces – Relativistic invariance of Dirac equation – Probability Density – Current four vector – Bilinear covariant – Feynman's theory of positron (Elementary ideas only without propagation formalism)
UNIT V: CLASSICAL FIELDS AND SECOND QUANTIZATION	Classical fields – Euler Lagrange equation – Hamiltonian formulation – Noether's theorem – Quantization of real and complex scalar fields – Creation, Annihilation and Number operators – Fock states – Second Quantization of K-G field.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. P. M. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010. 2. G. Aruldas, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009 3. L. I. Schiff, Quantum Mechanics, 3rd Edition, International Student Edition, McGraw-Hill Kogakusha, Tokyo, 1968 4. V. Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, 1st Edition, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2005. 5. Nouredine Zettili, Quantum mechanics concepts and applications, 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2017

REFERENCE BOOKS	1. P. A. M. Dirac, The Principles of Quantum Mechanics, 4th Edition, Oxford University Press, London, 1973. 2. B. K. Agarwal&HariPrakash, Quantum Mechanics, 7th reprint, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009. 3. Deep Chandra Joshi, Quantum Electrodynamics and Particle Physics, 1st edition, I.K. International Publishing house Pvt. Ltd., 2006 4. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications, 4th Edition, Macmillan India, New Delhi. 5. E. Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1970
WEB SOURCES	1. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-05-quantum-physics-ii-fall-2013/lecture notes/MIT8_05F13 Chap_09.pdf 2. http://www.thphys.nuim.ie/Notes/MP463/MP463_Ch1.pdf 3. http://hep.itp.tuwien.ac.at/~kreuzer/qt08.pdf 4. https://www.cmi.ac.in/~govind/teaching/rel-qm-rc13/rel-qm-notes-gk.pdf 5. https://web.mit.edu/dikaiser/www/FdsAmSci.pdf

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Familiarize the concept of scattering theory such as partial wave analysis and Born approximation	K1
CO2	Give a firm grounding in relativistic quantum mechanics, with emphasis on Dirac equation and related concepts	K2
CO3	Discuss the relativistic quantum mechanical equations namely, Klein-Gordon and Dirac equations and the phenomena accounted by them like electron spin and magnetic moment	K1, K4
CO4	Introduce the concept of covariance and the use of Feynman graphs for depicting different interactions	K1, K3
CO5	Demonstrate an understanding of field quantization and the explanation of the scattering matrix.	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	1	1	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
CO5	2	1	1	3	3	2	2	2	3	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

CORE VIII Paper 8 - CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHT306	CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS	Core	6	-	-	5	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Basic knowledge of atomic physics, quantum mechanics and statistical mechanics.
Learning Objectives
➤ To describe various crystal structures, symmetry and to differentiate different types of bonding. ➤ To construct reciprocal space, understand the lattice dynamics and apply it to concept of specific heat. ➤ To critically assess various theories of electrons in solids and their impact in distinguishing solids. ➤ Outline different types of magnetic materials and explain the underlying phenomena. ➤ Elucidation of concepts of superconductivity, the underlying theories – relate to current areas of research.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: CRYSTAL PHYSICS	Basis and Crystal Structure-Types of lattices –Index system for crystal plane – Simple crystal structures –Diffraction of waves by crystals- Bragg's law – Scattered Wave Amplitude - Reciprocal Lattice (sc, bcc, fcc). Structure and properties of liquid crystals. Diffraction Conditions - Laue equations - Brillouin zone - Structure factor - Atomic form factor - Inert gas crystals - Cohesive energy - ionic crystals - Madelung constant.
UNIT II: LATTICE DYNAMICS	Vibrations of crystals with monoatomic basis- First Brillouin zone- Lattice with two atoms per primitive cell - Group and phase velocities - Quantization of lattice vibrations - Phonon momentum - Inelastic scattering by phonons - Debye's model for density of states-Einstein Model of the Density of States- Thermal Conductivity - Umklapp processes.
UNIT III: THEORY OF FREE ELECTRON FERMI GAS	Energy levels in one dimension - Free electron gas in three dimensions –Heat capacity of the electron gas-Hall Effect-Thermal conductivity of metals - Nearly free electron model- Bloch theorem - Kronig-Penney model –Wave equations of electron in a periodic potential-Restatement of the Bloch theorem-Kronig Penny model in reciprocal space- Empty lattice Approximation- Approximate Solution Near a Zone Boundary

UNIT IV: MAGNETISM	Diamagnetism - Langevin Diamagnetic Equation-Quantum Theory of Diamagnetism of mononuclear systems- Paramagnetism- Quantum Theory of Paramagnetism- Rare earth ion - Hund's rule - Quenching of orbital angular momentum –Ferromagnetic order - Curie point - Exchange integral - Magnons - Thermal excitation of magnons - Curie temperature and susceptibility of ferrimagnets - Theory of antiferromagnetism - Neel temperature-Ferromagnetic domains-Bloch wall
UNIT V: Superconductivity	Experimental facts: Occurrence - Effect of magnetic fields - Meissner effect – Critical field – Critical current - Entropy and heat capacity - Energy gap –Isotope Effect-Microwave and infrared properties - Type I and II Superconductors. Theoretical Explanation: Thermodynamics of super conducting transition - London equation - Coherence length – Isotope effect - Cooper pairs – Bardeen Cooper Schrieffer (BCS) Theory –BCS Theory of Superconductivity-Flux quantization in a superconducting ring- Type II superconductors- Single particle tunneling - Josephson tunneling - DC and AC Josephson effects - High temperature Superconductors
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
BOOK FOR STUDY	C. Kittel, 1996, <i>Introduction to Solid State Physics</i> , 7 th Edition, Wiley, New York.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Rita John, <i>Solid State Physics</i>, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication. 2. A. J. Dekker, <i>Solid State Physics</i>, Macmillan India, New Delhi. 3. M. Ali Omar, 1974, <i>Elementary Solid State Physics – Principles and Applications</i>, Addison - Wesley 4. H. P. Myers, 1998, <i>Introductory Solid State Physics</i>, 2nd Edition, Viva Book, New Delhi. 5. J. S. Blakemore, 1974 , <i>Solid state Physics</i>, 2nd Edition, W.B. Saunder, Philadelphia 6. H. M. Rosenberg, 1993, <i>The Solid State</i>, 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, Oxford. 7. J. M. Ziman, 1971, <i>Principles of the Theory of Solids</i>, Cambridge University Press, London. 8. C. Ross-Innes and E. H. Rhoderick, 1976, <i>Introduction to Superconductivity</i>, Pergamon, Oxford. 9. J. P. Srivastava, 2001, <i>Elements of Solid State Physics</i>, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
WEB SOURCES	1. http://www.physics.uiuc.edu/research/electronicstructure/389/389-cal.html 2. http://www.cmmmp.ucl.ac.uk/%7Eaph/Teaching/3C25/index.html 3. https://www.britannica.com/science/crystal 4. https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/magnetism/ 5. https://www.brainkart.com/article/Super-Conductors_6824/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Student will be able to list out the crystal systems, symmetries allowed in a system and also the diffraction techniques to find the crystal structure	K1
CO2	Students will be able to visualize the idea of reciprocal spaces, Brillouin Zone and their extension to band theory of solids.	K1, K2
CO3	Student will be able to comprehend the heat conduction in solids	K3
CO4	Student will be able to generalize the electronic nature of solids from band theories.	K3, K4
CO5	Student can compare and contrast the various types of magnetism and conceptualize the idea of superconductivity.	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

CORE IX Paper 9 - STATISTICAL MECHANICS	II YEAR –Third SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHT307	STATISTICAL MECHANICS	Core	6	-	-	5	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Laws of thermodynamics, phase transition, entropy, ensembles, partition function, classical and quantum statistics, thermal equilibrium, Brownian motion
Learning Objectives
➤ To acquire the knowledge of thermodynamic potentials and to understand phase transition in thermodynamics ➤ To identify the relationship between statistic and thermodynamic quantities ➤ To comprehend the concept of partition function, canonical and grand canonical ensembles ➤ To grasp the fundamental knowledge about the three types of statistics ➤ To get in depth knowledge about phase transitions and fluctuation of thermodynamic properties that vary with time

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: PHASE TRANSITIONS	Thermodynamic potentials - Phase Equilibrium - Gibb's phase rule - Phase transitions and Ehrenfest's classifications –Third law of Thermodynamics. Order parameters – Landau's theory of phase transition - Critical indices - Scale transformations and dimensional analysis.
UNIT II: STATISTICAL MECHANICS AND THERMODYNAMICS	Foundations of statistical mechanics - Specification of states of a system - Micro canonical ensemble - Phase space – Entropy - Connection between statistics and thermodynamics – Entropy of an ideal gas using the micro canonical ensemble - Entropy of mixing and Gibb's paradox.

UNIT III: CANONICAL AND GRAND CANONICAL ENSEMBLES	Trajectories and density of states - Liouville's theorem - Canonical and grand canonical ensembles - Partition function - Calculation of statistical quantities - Energy and density fluctuations.
UNIT IV: CLASSICAL AND QUANTUM STATISTICS	Density matrix - Statistics of ensembles - Statistics of indistinguishable particles - Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics - Fermi-Dirac statistics - Ideal Fermi gas - Degeneracy - Bose-Einstein statistics - Planck radiation formula - Ideal Bose gas - Bose-Einstein condensation.
UNIT V: REAL GAS, ISING MODEL AND FLUCTUATIONS	Cluster expansion for a classical gas - Virial equation of state - Calculation of the first Virial coefficient in the cluster expansion - Ising model - Mean-field theories of the Ising model in three, two and one dimensions - Exact solutions in one dimension. Correlation of space-time dependent fluctuations - Fluctuations and transport phenomena - Brownian motion - Langevin's theory - Fluctuation-dissipation theorem - The Fokker-Planck equation
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. S. K. Sinha, 1990, <i>Statistical Mechanics</i>, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. 2. B. K. Agarwal and M. Eisner, 1998, <i>Statistical Mechanics</i>, Second Edition New Age International, New Delhi. 3. J. K. Bhattacharjee, 1996, <i>Statistical Mechanics: An Introductory Text</i>, Allied Publication, New Delhi. 4. F. Reif, 1965, <i>Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics</i>, McGraw - Hill, New York. 5. M. K. Zemansky, 1968, <i>Heat and Thermodynamics</i>, 5th edition, McGraw-Hill New York.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. R. K. Pathria, 1996, <i>Statistical Mechanics</i>, 2nd edition, Butter WorthHeinemann, New Delhi. 2. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, 1969, <i>Statistical Physics</i>, Pergamon Press, Oxford. 3. K. Huang, 2002, <i>Statistical Mechanics</i>, Taylor and Francis, London 4. W. Greiner, L. Neiseand H. Stoecker, <i>Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics</i>, Springer Verlag, New York. 5. A. B. Gupta, H. Roy, 2002, <i>Thermal Physics</i>, Books and Allied, Kolkata.
WEB SOURCES	1. https://byjus.com/chemistry/third-law-of-thermodynamics/ 2. https://web.stanford.edu/~peastman/statmech/thermodynamics.html 3. https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/Statistical_mechanics_and_thermodynamics 4. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Grand_canonical_ensemble 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ising_model

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	To examine and elaborate the effect of changes in thermodynamic quantities on the states of matter during phase transition	K5
CO2	To analyze the macroscopic properties such as pressure, volume, temperature, specific heat, elastic moduli etc. using microscopic properties like intermolecular forces, chemical bonding, atomicity etc. Describe the peculiar behaviour of the entropy by mixing two gases Justify the connection between statistics and thermodynamic quantities	K4
CO3	Differentiate between canonical and grand canonical ensembles and to interpret the relation between thermodynamical quantities and partition function	K1
CO4	To recall and apply the different statistical concepts to analyze the behaviour of ideal Fermi gas and ideal Bose gas and also to compare and distinguish between the three types of statistics.	K4, K5
CO5	To discuss and examine the thermodynamical behaviour of gases under fluctuation and also using Ising model	K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

CORE X Practical Paper - 10 - Practical – III -NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING (C)	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHP303	Practical – III NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING (C)	Core	-	-	6	4	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Basic knowledge in differential equation and linear algebra
Basic knowledge of operating system and computer fundamentals.

Learning Objectives

- The aim and objective of the course on Computational Practical is to familiarize the of M.Sc. students with the numerical methods used in computation and programming using any high level language such as C
- To equip the computational skill using various mathematical tools.
- To apply the software tools to explore the concepts of physical science.
- To approach the real time activities using physics and mathematical formulations.

Course Details**(Any Twelve Experiments)**

1. Lagrange interpolation with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
2. Newton forward interpolation with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
3. Newton backward interpolation with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
4. Curve-fitting: Least squares fitting with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
5. Numerical integration by the trapezoidal rule with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
6. Numerical integration by Simpson's rule with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
7. Numerical solution of ordinary first-order differential equations by the Euler method with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
8. Numerical solution of ordinary first-order differential equations by the Runge- Kutta method with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
9. Finding Roots of a Polynomial - Bisection Method –
10. Finding Roots of a Polynomial - Newton Raphson Method –
11. Solution of Simultaneous Linear Equation by Gauss elimination method.
12. Solution of Ordinary Differential Equation by Euler
13. Runge Kutta Fourth Order Method for solving first order Ordinary Differential Equations
14. Newton's cotes formula
15. Trapezoidal rule
16. Simpson's 1/3 rule
17. Simpson's 3/8 rule
18. Boole's rule
19. Gaussian quadrature method (2 point and 3 point formula)
20. Giraffe's root square method for solving algebraic equation

TEXT BOOKS	1. Numerical methods using Matlab – John Mathews & Kurtis Fink, Prentice Hall, New Jersey 2006 2. Numerical methods in Science and Engineering - M.K. Venkataraman, National Publishing Co. Madras, 1996 3. V. Rajaraman, 1993, Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, 3rd Ed. (Prentice-Hall, New Delhi. 4. M.K. Jain, S.R. Iyengar and R.K. Jain, 1995, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, 3rd Ed. New Age International, New Delhi. 5. S.S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, PHI, New Delhi.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. S.D. Conte and C. de Boor, 1981, Elementary Numerical Analysis, An Algorithmic Approach, 3rd Ed., International Ed. (McGraw-Hill). 2. B.F. Gerald and P.O. Wheatley, 1994, Applied Numerical Analysis, 5th Edition, Addison Wesley, Reading, MA. 3. B. Carnahan, H.A. Luther and J.O. Wikes, 1969, Applied Numerical Methods (Wiley, New York. 4. S.S. Kuo, 1996, Numerical Methods and Computers, Addison - Wesley, London. 5. V. Rajaraman, Programming in FORTRAN/ Programming in C, PHI, New Delhi.

METHOD OF EVALUATION:

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total
25	75	100

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Program with the C Program with the C or any other high level language	K1
CO2	Use various numerical methods in describing/solving physics problems.	K4
CO3	Solve problem, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as applied to scientific problems.	K5
CO4	To enhance the problem-solving aptitudes of students using various numerical methods.	K5
CO5	To apply various mathematical entities, facilitate to visualize any complicate tasks.	K3
CO6	Process, analyze and plot data from various physical phenomena and interpret their meaning	K4

CO7	Identify modern programming methods and describe the extent and limitations of computational methods in physics	K1
CO8	Work out numerical differentiation and integration whenever routine are not applicable.	K5
CO9	Apply various interpolation methods and finite difference concepts.	K4
CO10	Understand and apply numerical methods to find out solution of algebraic equation using different methods under different conditions, and numerical solution of system of algebraic equation.	K1, K4
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

Elective – V SPECTROSCOPY		II YEAR - Third SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHE33 A	SPECTROSCOPY	Core	3	-	-	3	3	75
Pre-Requisites								
Thorough understanding of electromagnetic spectrum, mathematical abilities, knowledge of molecules, their structure, bond nature, physical and chemical behaviour								
Learning Objectives								
➤ To comprehend the theory behind different spectroscopic methods ➤ To know the working principles along with an overview of construction of different types of spectrometers involved ➤ To explore various applications of these techniques in R &D. ➤ Apply spectroscopic techniques for the qualitative and quantitative analysis of various chemical compounds. ➤ Understand this important analytical tool								

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: MICROWAVE SPECTROSCOPY	Pure rotational spectra of diatomic molecules - Polyatomic molecules - Study of linear molecules and symmetric top molecules - Hyperfine structure - Experimental technique.
UNIT II: INFRA-RED SPECTROSCOPY	Vibrational spectroscopy of diatomic and simple polyatomic molecules - Harmonic Oscillator – Anharmonic Oscillator - Rotational vibrators - Normal modes of vibration of Polyatomic molecules - Experimental techniques - Applications of infrared spectroscopy
UNIT III: RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY	Classical theory of Raman Scattering - Raman effect and molecular structure - Raman effect and crystal structure - Experimental techniques - Applications of Raman Spectroscopy
UNIT IV: NMR and ESR	Theory of NMR - Bloch equations - Steady state solution of Bloch equations - Theory of chemical shifts - Experimental methods - Applications of NMR to quantitative measurements Quantum Mechanical treatment of ESR - Nuclear interaction and hyperfine structure Relaxation effects - Basic principles of spectrographs - Applications of ESR method

UNIT V: ELECTRONIC SPECTROSCOPY OF ATOM	The structure of atom – electronic angular momentum – many electron atoms – the angular momentum of many electron atom – photoelectron spectroscopy and X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy
TEXT BOOKS	1. C.N.Banwell and E.M.McCash, 1994, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th Edition, TataMcGraw - HillPublications,NewDelhi. 2. G. Aruldas, 2001, Molecular Structure and Spectroscopy, Prentice - Hall of India Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi. 3. D.N. Satyanarayana, 2004, Vibrational Spectroscopy and Applications, New Age International Publications, New Delhi 4. Atomic and Molecular Spectra : Laser by Rajkumar, (KNRM Publication-Meerut)
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Atta Ur Rahman, 1986, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance, SpringerVerlag, New York. 2. Towne and Schawlow, 1995, Micorwave Spectroscopy, McGraw-Hill, 3. Raymond Chang, 1980, Basic Principles of Spectroscopy, Mc Graw-Hill, Kogakusha,Tokyo. 4. D.A. Lang, Raman Spectroscopy, McGraw-Hill International, N.Y.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand fundamentals of rotational spectroscopy, view molecules as elastic rotors and interpret their behaviour. Able to quantify their nature and correlate them with their characteristic properties.	K2
CO2	Understand the working principles of spectroscopic instruments and theoretical background of IR spectroscopy. Able to correlate mathematical process of Fourier transformations with instrumentation. Able to interpret vibrational spectrum of small molecules.	K2, K3
CO3	Interpret structures and composition of molecules and use their knowledge of Raman Spectroscopy as an important analytical tool	K5
CO4	Use these resonance spectroscopic techniques for quantitative and qualitative estimation of a substances	K4
CO5	Learn the electronic transitions caused by absorption of radiation in the UV/Vis region of the electromagnetic spectrum and be able to analyze a simple UV spectrum.	K1, K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate		

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

Elective – V PHYSICS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**II YEAR –
THIRD SEMESTER**

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHE33 B	PHYSICS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	ELECTIVE	3	-	-	3	3	75

Pre-Requisites

Basic knowledge in Solid State Physics

Learning Objectives

- Physics of Nanoscience and Technology is concerned with the study, creation, manipulation and applications at nanometer scale.
- To provide the basic knowledge about Nanoscience and technology.
- To learn the structures and properties of Nanomaterials.
- To acquire the knowledge about synthesis methods and characterization techniques and its applications.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: FUNDAMENTALS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	Fundamentals of NANO – Historical Perspective on Nanomaterial and Nanotechnology – Classification of Nanomaterial's – Metal and Semiconductor Nanomaterial's - 2D, 1D, 0D nanostructured materials - Quantum dots – Quantum wires – Quantum wells - Surface effects of nanomaterials.
UNIT II: PROPERTIES OF NANOMATERIALS	Physical properties of Nano materials: Melting points, specific heat capacity, and lattice constant - Mechanical behavior: Elastic properties – strength - ductility - superplastic behavior - Optical properties: - Surface Plasmon Resonance – Quantum size effects - Electrical properties - Conductivity, Ferroelectrics and dielectrics - Magnetic properties – super para magnetism – Diluted magnetic semiconductor (DMS).
UNIT III: SYNTHESIS AND FABRICATION	Physical vapour deposition - Chemical vapour deposition - sol-gel – Wet deposition techniques - electrochemical deposition method – Plasma arching - Electrospinning method - ball milling technique - pulsed laser deposition - Nanolithography: photolithography – Nanomanipulator.
UNIT IV: CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES	Powder X-ray diffraction – X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) - UV-visible spectroscopy – Photoluminescence - Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) - Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) - Scanning probe microscopy (SPM) - Scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) – Vibrating sample Magnetometer.

UNIT V: APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS	Sensors: Nanosensors based on optical and physical properties - Electrochemical sensors – Nano-biosensors. Nano Electronics: Nanobots - display screens - GMR read/write heads - Carbon Nanotube Emitters – Photocatalytic application: Air purification, water purification -Medicine: Imaging of cancer cells – biological tags - drug delivery - photodynamic therapy - Energy: fuel cells - rechargeable batteries – supercapacitors – photovoltaic.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. A textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Pradeep T., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. (2012). 2. Principles of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, M.A. Shah, Tokeer Ahmad, Narosa Publishing House Pvt Ltd., (2010). 3. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, K. K. Chattopadhyay and A.N. Banerjee, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, (2012). 4. Nanostructured Materials and Nanotechnology, Hari Singh Nalwa, Academic Press, (2002). 5. Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics, D.P. Kothari, V. Velmurugan and Rajit Ram Singh, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. (2018)

REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials – HuozhongGao – Imperial College Press (2004). 2. Richard Booker and Earl Boysen, (2005) Nanotechnology, Wiley Publishing Inc. USA 3. Nano particles and Nano structured films; Preparation, Characterization and Applications, J. H. Fendler John Wiley and Sons. (2007) 4. Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, B. S. Murty, et al., Universities Press. (2012) 5. The Nanoscope (Encyclopedia of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology), Dr. ParagDiwan and AshishBharadwaj (2005) Vol. IV - Nanoelectronics Pentagon Press, New Delhi.
WEB SOURCES	1. www.its.caltec.edu/feyman/plenty.html 2. http://www.library.ualberta.ca/subject/nanoscience/guide/index.cfm 3. http://www.understandingnano.com 4. http://www.nano.gov 5. http://www.nanotechnology.com

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the basic of Nanoscience and explore the different types of nanomaterials and should comprehend the surface effects of the nanomaterials.	K1, K2
CO2	Explore various physical, mechanical, optical, electrical and magnetic properties nanomaterials.	K1
CO3	Understand the process and mechanism of synthesis and fabrication of nanomaterials.	K2, K3
CO4	Analyze the various characterizations of Nano-products through diffraction, spectroscopic, microscopic and other techniques.	K4
CO5	Apply the concepts of Nano science and technology in the field of sensors, robotics, purification of air and water and in the energy devices.	K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

Pre-Requisites

Elective V- ANALYSIS OF CRYSTAL STRUCTURES		II YEAR – THIRD SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHE33C	ANALYSIS OF CRYSTAL STRUCTURES	ELECTIVE	3	-	-	3	3	75

Fundamentals of crystal structures, symmetry and X-Ray Diffraction techniques

Learning Objectives

- To teach the concept of crystal structures and symmetry, and diffraction theory
- To provide students with a background to X-ray generation, scattering theory and experimental diffraction from single crystals
- To provide instruction on the methods and basis for determining low-molecular weight crystal structures using X-ray Crystallography
- To give the students a background to the instrumentation used for powder diffraction and structure refinement using Rietveld method
- To teach the different levels of structure exhibited by proteins and nucleic acids and methods used in protein crystallography.

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I: CRYSTAL LATTICE	Unit cell and Bravais lattices - crystal planes and directions - basic symmetry elements operations - translational symmetries - point groups - space groups - equivalent positions - Bragg's law - reciprocal lattice concept -Laue conditions - Ewald and limiting spheres - diffraction symmetry - Laue groups.
UNIT II: DIFFRACTION	X-ray generation, properties - sealed tube, rotating anode, synchrotron radiation - absorption - filters and monochromators Atomic scattering factor - Fourier transformation and structure factor - anomalous dispersion - Laue, rotation/oscillation, moving film methods-interpretation of diffraction patterns - cell parameter determination - systematic absences - space group determination.
UNIT III: STRUCTURE ANALYSIS	Single crystal diffractometers - geometries - scan modes - scintillation and area detectors -intensity data collection - data reduction - factors affecting X-ray intensities - temperature and scale factor - electron density - phase problem - normalized structure factor - direct method fundamentals and procedures -Patterson function and heavy atom method - structure refinement - least squares method - Fourier and difference Fourier synthesis - R factor - structure interpretation - geometric calculations - conformational studies - computer program packages.

UNIT IV: POWDER METHODS	Fundamentals of powder diffraction - Debye Scherrer method - diffractometer geometries - use of monochromators and Soller slits –
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	Sample preparation and data collection - identification of unknowns - powder diffraction files (ICDD) - Rietveld refinement fundamentals - profile analysis - peak shapes - whole pattern fitting - structure refinement procedures – auto-indexing – structure determination from powder data - new developments. Energy dispersive X-ray analysis – texture studies - crystallite size determination - residual stress analysis - high and low temperature and high pressure crystallography (basics only).
UNIT V: PROTEIN CRYSTALLOGRAPHY	Globular and fibrous proteins, nucleic acids - primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures - helical and sheet structures - Ramachandran map and its significance – crystallization methods for proteins - factors affecting protein crystallization - heavy atom derivatives – methods used to solve protein structures - anomalous dispersion methods.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism.
TEXT BOOKS	1. Azaroff, L.V., "Elements of X-Ray Crystallography", Techbooks, New York, 1992. 2. Blundell, T.L. and Johnson, L., "Protein Crystallography", Academic Press, New York, 1986. 3. Cullity, B.D. and Stock, S.R. "Elements of X-ray Diffraction", Pearson, 2014. 4. H.L. Bhat, Introduction to Crystal Growth Principles and Practice CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, Boca Raton, Florida, 2015. 5. B.R. Pamplin, Crystal Growth, Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1975.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Glusker, J.P. and Trueblood, K.N. Crystal Structure Analysis: A Primer", Oxford University, Press, New York, 1994. 2. Ladd, M.F.C. and Palmer, R.A., "Structure Determination by X-ray Crystallography", Plenum Press, New York, 3rd Edition, 1993. 3. Stout, G.H. and Jensen, L. "X-ray Structure Determination, A Practical Guide", Macmillan, New York, 1989. 4. Woolfson, M.M. "An Introduction to X-ray Crystallography" Cambridge University Press, New York, 1997. 5. Sam Zhang, Lin Ki, Ashok Kumar, Materials Characterization Techniques, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, Boca Raton, Florida, 2009
WEB SOURCES	1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/106/112106227/ 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/108/104108098/ 3. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/102107086/L11.html 4. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_cy35/previewhttps://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_cy35/preview 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/104/104104011/

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand crystal symmetry and reciprocal lattice concept for X-ray diffraction	K2	2023
CO2	Gain a working knowledge of X-ray generation, X-ray photography with Laue, oscillation and moving film methods, and space group determination	K1,K3	
CO3	Get an exposure to crystal structure determination using program packages	K1,K4	
CO4	Understand the instrumentation used for powder diffraction, data collection, data interpretation, and structure refinement using Rietveld method	K2, K4	
CO5	Get an insight into the structural aspects of proteins and nucleic acids, crystallization of proteins and methods to solve protein structures	K5	
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;			

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

NME-II– BASIC OF ASTROPHYSICS**II YEAR – THIRD SEMESTER**

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHN302	BASIC OF ASTROPHYSICS	NME	3	-	-	2	3	75

Objectives:

- To provide the fundamental knowledge about electromagnetic spectrum and telescopes
- To gain knowledge about Planetary and Interplanetary space
- To know Stars, Suns, Planets, Asteroids, Meteors and Comets

UNIT I: ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM AND TELESCOPE: The nature of light: Light as an electric vibration, the electromagnetic radiation from a heated object, Doppler shift. Tools of the astronomer: Optical & Space telescopes (Galileian, Newtonian, & Hubble Space Telescope), Magnifying power & Resolving power of telescopes

UNIT II: INTRODUCTION TO PLANETARY AND INTERPLANETARY SPACE:

Kepler's Laws, Earth-Moon System, Solar and Lunar types, Exploration of Solar System by Telescopes, Rockets and Satellites. Structure of Earth's Atmosphere- Lower, Middle and Upper Troposphere, Stratosphere, Ionosphere, Protonosphere, Interplanetary space, Earth as a Magnetic Comet.

UNIT III: STARS: Measuring stellar characteristics (temperature, distance, luminosity, mass, size) - HR diagram - stellar structure (equilibrium, nuclear reactions, energy transport) - stellar evolution; Stellar Evolution (HR diagram): Life cycle; Stellar Processes (Nuclear) and spectral classification of Stars O, B, A, F, G, K, M.

UNIT IV: THE SUN AND PLANETS: Origin of the solar system, Internal structure and surface features of sun, Sun spots and Magnetic field on the sun and Solar activity. Surface features of planets, Atmospheres and Magnetic fields of Planets and their moons.

UNIT V: ASTEROIDS, METEORS AND COMETS: Asteroids: Discovery and designation, Origin, Nature and Orbits of Asteroids. Meteors: Meteor showers and sporadic meteors. Comets: Periodic comets, Brightness variation in Comets. Gas production rates, dust and ion tails.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. V.B. Bhatia, Textbook of Astronomy and Astrophysics with elements of cosmology, Alpha Science International Ltd. 2001.
2. B.W.Carroll&D.A.Ostlie: An Introduction to Modern Astrophysics, 2ndEdn, Cambridge University Press, 2017
3. Shu F, The Physical Universe, University of Science Press,1981
4. K.D.Abhyankar, Astrophysics: Stars and Galaxies- Tata McGraw Hill Publication,1992

Core XI Paper 11 - NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS	II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHT408	NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS	Core	6	-	-	5	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Knowledge of basic structure of atom and nucleus.
Learning Objectives
➤ Introduces students to the different models of the nucleus in a chronological order ➤ Imparts an in-depth knowledge on the different types of detectors, experiments to study it and the types of nuclear reactions and their principles ➤ Provides students with details of nuclear decay with relevant theories ➤ Exposes students to the Standard Model of Elementary Particles

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: NUCLEAR MODELS	Fermi Gas Model- Liquid drop model – shell model – magic numbers – Extreme Single Particle Model-Square well of infinite depth-Harmonic Oscillator Potential, Spin-Orbit Potential-Single Particle Model-Collective Nuclear Model-Vibrational States-Rotational States- Unified Model- Deformed Shell Model-Nilsson Model - Superconductivity Model
UNIT II: DETECTION AND MEASUREMENT OF NUCLEAR RADIATIONS	Ionization Chamber-Semi-conductor Detectors-Diffused junction detector-Surface barrier detector-Lithium drifted junction detector-Regions of Multiplicative operation- Proportional Counter-Geiger Muller Counter-Scintillation counters-Different Processes in the Scintillation Counter-Cerenkov Counters-Cloud Chamber-Bubble Chamber-Spark Chamber-Nuclear Emulsions
UNIT III: NUCLEAR REACTIONS	Types of Nuclear Reactions- Conservation Laws- Nuclear reaction Kinematics- Nuclear Transmutations-Charged Particle reaction spectroscopy-Neutron spectroscopy- Nuclear cross-section-Classical analysis of cross section- Partial wave analysis of reaction cross section-Thick Target Yield- Requirements for a reaction- Reaction mechanism -General features of reaction cross sections-Inverse Reaction- Principle of detailed balance- Compound Nucleus-Compound Nucleus reactions

UNIT IV: NUCLEAR DECAY	M.Sc. Physics Syllabus 2023 Alpha Particles-Determination of q/m for the α-particles-Range of α-particle-Energy of α-particles-Range-Velocity Energy-Life Time relations-Alpha Decay Energy and Mass Number-Alpha Particle Spectra-Gamow's Theory of Alpha Decay Beta Decay-Neutrino-Fermi theory of Beta Decay- Energy Life time relationships-Fermi theory of Beta decay
UNIT V: ELEMENTARY PARTICLES	Classification of Elementary Particles – Fundamental interactions-Gravitational-Electromagnetic-Strong and Weak Interactions-Conversation Laws-Invariance under charge-Parity-C.P., time and CPT-Electron and Positron- Proton and antiproton-Neutron and Antineutron -Neutrino and antineutrino-Graviton-Phonon and Gluon-Meson: Muons-Tauons-Pions-K-Mesons-η-Mesons-Hyperons: Λ, Σ, Ξ, Ω-Hyperons-Hyper nuclei-Resonance states-Elementary particle symmetries-Quarks-Isospin of Quarks
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
BOOK FOR STUDY	1. D. C. Tayal – Nuclear Physics – Himalaya Publishing House (2011)
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. K. S. Krane – Introductory Nuclear Physics – John Wiley & Sons (2008) 2. R. Roy and P. Nigam – Nuclear Physics – New Age Publishers (1996) 3. S. B. Patel – Nuclear Physics – An introduction – New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers (2011) 4. S. Glasstone – Source Book of Atomic Energy – Van Nostrand Reinhold Inc.,U.S.- 3rd Revised edition (1968) 5. L. J. Tassie – The Physics of elementary particles – Prentice Hall Press (1973) 6. H. A. Enge – Introduction to Nuclear Physics – Addison Wesley, Publishing Company. Inc. Reading. New York, (1974). 7. Kaplan – Nuclear Physics – 1989 – 2nd Ed. – Narosa (2002) 8. Bernard L Cohen – Concepts of Nuclear Physics – McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited; 1 edition (2001) 9. B.L. Cohen, 1971, Concepts of Nuclear Physics, TMCH, New Delhi.
WEB SOURCES	1. http://bubl.ac.uk/link/n/nuclearphysics.html 2. http://www.phys.unsw.edu.au/PHYS3050/pdf/Nuclear_Models.pdfhttp://www.scholarpedia.org/article/Nuclear_Forces 3. https://www.nuclear-power.net/nuclear-power/nuclear-reactions/ 4. http://labman.phys.utk.edu/phys222core/modules/m12/nuclear_models.html 5. https://www.ndeed.org/EducationResources/HighSchool/Radiography/radioactivedecay.html

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge about the concepts of helicity, parity, angular correlation and internal conversion.	K1, K5
CO2	Familiarity with experimental methods and techniques used in nuclear and particle physics, such as detection methods, data analysis, and instrumentation	K2, K3
CO3	Use the different nuclear models to explain different nuclear phenomena and the concept of resonances through Briet-Weigner single level formula	K3
CO4	Understand different types of radioactive decay processes (alpha, beta) and their implications in nuclear physics	K3, K4
CO5	Summarize and identify allowed and forbidden nuclear reactions based on conservation laws of the elementary particles.	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

CORE - XII Paper 12 - ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY	II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHT409	ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY	Core	6	-	-	5	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Different coordinate systems, Laplace's equation, conducting & non-conducting medium, basic definitions in magnetism, propagation of electromagnetic waves, plasma

Learning Objectives

- To acquire knowledge about boundary conditions between two media and the technique of method of separation of variables
- To understand Biot – Savart's law and Ampere's circuital law
- To comprehend the physical ideas contained in Maxwell's equations, Coulomb & Lorentz gauges, conservation laws
- To assimilate the concepts of propagation, polarization, reflection and refraction of electromagnetic waves
- To grasp the concept of plasma as the fourth state of matter

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: ELECTROSTATICS	Boundary value problems and Laplace equation – Boundary conditions and uniqueness theorem – Laplace equation in three dimension – Solution in Cartesian and spherical polar coordinates – Examples of solutions for boundary value problems. Polarization and displacement vectors - Boundary conditions - Dielectric sphere in a uniform field – Molecular polarizability and electrical susceptibility – Electrostatic energy in the presence of dielectric – Multipole expansion.
UNIT II: MAGNETOSTATICS	Biot-Savart's Law - Ampere's law - Magnetic vector potential and magnetic field of a localized current distribution - Magnetic moment, force and torque on a current distribution in an external field - Magneto static energy - Magnetic induction and magnetic field in macroscopic media - Boundary conditions - Uniformly magnetized sphere.
UNIT III: MAXWELL EQUATIONS	Faraday's laws of Induction - Maxwell's displacement current - Maxwell's equations - Vector and scalar potentials - Gauge invariance - Wave equation and plane wave solution- Coulomb and Lorentz gauges - Energy and momentum of the field - Poynting's theorem - Lorentz force - Conservation laws for a system of charges and electromagnetic fields.

UNIT IV: WAVE PROPAGATION	Plane waves in non-conducting media - Linear and circular polarization, reflection and refraction at a plane interface - Waves in a conducting medium - Propagation of waves in a rectangular wave guide. Inhomogeneous wave equation and retarded potentials - Radiation from a localized source - Oscillating electric dipole
UNIT V: ELEMENTARY PLASMA PHYSICS	The Boltzmann Equation - Simplified magneto-hydrodynamic equations - Electron plasma oscillations - The Debye shielding problem - Plasma confinement in a magnetic field - Magneto-hydrodynamic waves - Alfven waves and magnetosonic waves.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	1. D. J. Griffiths, 2002, <i>Introduction to Electrodynamics</i>, 3rd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi. 2. J. R. Reitz, F. J. Milford and R. W. Christy, 1986, <i>Foundations of Electromagnetic Theory</i>, 3rd edition, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. 3. J. D. Jackson, 1975, <i>Classical Electrodynamics</i>, Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi. 4. J. A. Bittencourt, 1988, <i>Fundamentals of Plasma Physics</i>, Pergamon Press, Oxford. 5. Gupta, Kumar and Singh, <i>Electrodynamics</i>, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. W. Panofsky and M. Phillips, 1962, <i>Classical Electricity and Magnetism</i>, Addison Wesley, London. 2. J. D. Kraus and D. A. Fleisch, 1999, <i>Electromagnetics with Applications</i>, 5th Edition, WCB McGraw-Hill, New York. 3. B. Chakraborty, 2002, <i>Principles of Electrodynamics</i>, Books and Allied, Kolkata. 4. P. Feynman, R. B. Leighton and M. Sands, 1998, <i>The Feynman Lectures on Physics</i>, Vols. 2, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. 5. Andrew Zangwill, 2013, <i>Modern Electrodynamics</i>, Cambridge University Press, USA.
WEB SOURCES	1. http://www.plasma.uu.se/CED/Book/index.html 2. http://www.thphys.nuim.ie/Notes/electromag/frame-notes.html 3. http://www.thphys.nuim.ie/Notes/em-topics/em-topics.html 4. http://dmoz.org/Science/Physics/Electromagnetism/Courses_and_Tutorials/ 5. https://www.cliffsnotes.com/study-guides/physics/electricity-and-magnetism/electrostatics

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Solve the differential equations using Laplace equation and to find solutions for boundary value problems	K1, K5
CO2	Use Biot-Savart's law and Ampere circuital law to find the magnetic induction & magnetic vector potential for various physical problems	K2, K3
CO3	Apply Maxwell's equations to describe how electromagnetic field behaves in different media	K3
CO4	Apply the concept of propagation of EM waves through wave guides in optical fiber communications and also in radar installations, calculate the transmission and reflection coefficients of electromagnetic waves	K3, K4
CO5	Investigate the interaction of ionized gases with self-consistent electric and magnetic fields	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

Elective VI CHARACTERIZATON OF MATERIALS	II YEAR – FOURTH SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHE44 A	CHARACTERIZATON OF MATERIALS	ELECTIVE	1	1	3	3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Fundamentals of Heat and Thermodynamics, Basics of Optical systems, Microscopic systems, Electrical measurements and Fundamentals of Spectroscopy.
Learning Objectives
➤ To make the students learn some important thermal analysis techniques ➤ To introduce the students the basics of x-ray diffraction techniques and some important spectroscopic techniques. ➤ To gain familiarity with the instrumentation used in each spectroscopic technique, including UV-Visible spectrophotometers, FTIR spectrometers, Raman spectrometers, and Fluorescence spectrometers

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I THERMAL ANALYSIS	Introduction – thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) – instrumentation – determination of weight loss and decomposition products
UNIT II X-RAY DIFFRACTION	Principles and instrumentation for Powder X-ray diffraction-interpretation of diffraction patterns - indexing - phase identification - residual stress analysis - Particle size, texture studies- Uses
UNIT III UV-VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY	Principles and instrumentation of UV-Visible Spectroscopy-Analysis-Applications
UNIT IV INFRARED & RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY	Principles and instrumentation of FTIR and Raman Spectroscopy-Analysis-Applications
UNIT V FLURESCENCE SPECTROSCOPY	Principles and instrumentation of Fluorescence Spectroscopy-Analysis-Applications

UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars, Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism.
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TEXT BOOKS	Unit –I -Instrumental method by Willard ,Merritt, Dean, Settle Unit –II -Microscopy and microtechnique by R. Marimuthu Unit –III-Thin flim fundamental by A.Goswami,Thinfilim phenomena by Kasturi L .chopra Unit –IV- Nanomaterials and Nanoscience by Asim k Das ,Mahua das Unit –V-Spectroscopy by GurdeepR.chatwal ,sham K.Anand 1. Elements of X-Ray Diffraction by B.D.Cullity ,S.R.Stock 2. R. A. Stradling and P. C. Klipstain. Growth and Characterization of semiconductors. Adam Hilger, Bristol, 1990. 3. J. A. Belk. Electron microscopy and microanalysis of crystalline materials. Applied Science Publishers, London, 1979. 4. Lawrence E. Murr. Electron and Ion microscopy and Microanalysis principles and Applications. Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1991 5. D. Kealey and P. J. Haines. Analytical Chemistry. Viva Books Private Limited, New Delhi, 2002. 6. Li, Lin, Ashok Kumar Materials Characterization Techniques Sam Zhang; CRC Press, (2008).
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Cullity, B.D., and Stock, R.S., "Elements of X-Ray Diffraction", Prentice-Hall, (2001). 2. Murphy, Douglas B, Fundamentals of Light Microscopy and Electronic Imaging, Wiley-Liss, Inc. USA, (2001). 3. Tyagi, A.K., Roy, Mainak, Kulshreshtha, S.K., and Banerjee, S., Advanced Techniques for Materials Characterization, Materials Science Foundations (monograph series), Volumes 49 – 51, (2009). Volumes 49 – 51, (2009). 4. Wendlandt, W.W., Thermal Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, (1986). 5. Wachtman, J.B., Kalman, Z.H., Characterization of Materials, ButterworthHeinemann, (1993)

WEB SOURCES	1. https://cac.annauniv.edu/uddetails/udpg_2015/77.%20Mat%20Sci(AC).pdf 2. http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/113106034/L11.html 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104106122 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118104008 5. https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/materials-characterization
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COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Describe thermal analysis techniques and make interpretation of the results.	K1, K3
CO2	The theory and experimental procedure for x- ray diffraction and some and their applications.	K2
CO3	Understand the fundamental principles and theoretical background of UV-Visible, FTIR, Raman, and Fluorescence spectroscopy	K2, K3
CO4	Acquire skills in acquiring spectroscopic data, such as absorption spectra (UV-Visible), infrared spectra (FTIR), Raman spectra, and fluorescence spectra.	K3, K4
CO5	Develop the ability to interpret spectra obtained from UV-Visible, FTIR, Raman, and Fluorescence spectroscopy.	K4,K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

Elective VI SOLAR ENERGY UTILIZATION	II YEAR – FOURTH SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHE44 B	SOLAR ENERGY UTILIZATION	ELECTIVE	1	-	3	3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Basic knowledge of heat energy, way of transfer of heat, solar energy, materials types

Learning Objectives

- To impart fundamental aspects of solar energy utilization.
- To give adequate exposure to solar energy related industries
- To harness entrepreneurship skills
- To understand the different types of solar cells and channelizing them to the different sectors of society
- To develop an industrialist mindset by utilizing renewable source of energy

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: HEAT TRANSFER & RADIATION ANALYSIS	Conduction, Convection and Radiation – Solar Radiation at the earth's surface - Determination of solar time – Solar energy measuring instruments.
UNIT II: SOLAR COLLECTORS	Physical principles of conversion of solar radiation into heat flat plate collectors - General characteristics – Focusing collector systems – Thermal performance evaluation of optical loss.
UNIT III: SOLAR HEATERS	Types of solar water heater - Solar heating system – Collectors and storage tanks – Solar ponds – Solar cooling systems.
UNIT IV: SOLAR ENERGY CONVERSION	Photo Voltaic principles – Types of solar cells – Crystalline silicon/amorphous silicon and Thermo - electric conversion - process flow of silicon solar cells- different approaches on the process-texturization, diffusion, Antireflective coatings, metallization.
UNIT V: NANOMATERIALS IN FUEL CELL APPLICATIONS	Use of nanostructures and nanomaterials in fuel cell technology - high and low temperature fuel cells, cathode and anode reactions, fuel cell catalysts, electrolytes, ceramic catalysts. Use of Nano technology in hydrogen production and storage. Industrial visit – data collection and analysis - presentation
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	1. Solar energy utilization -G.D. Rai –Khanna publishers – Delhi 1987. 2. Maheshwar Sharon, Madhuri Sharon, Carbon “Nano forms and Applications”, McGraw-Hill, 2010. 3. Soteris A. Kalogirou, „Solar Energy Engineering: Processes and Systems“, Academic Press, London, 2009 4. Tiwari G.N, “Solar Energy – Fundamentals Design, Modelling and applications, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002 5. Sukhatme S.P. Solar Energy, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Energy – An Introduction to Physics – R.H.Romer, W.H.Freeman.(1976) 2. Solar energy thermal processes – John A.Drife and William. (1974) 3. John W. Twidell& Anthony D.Weir, ‘Renewable Energy Resources,2005 4. John A. Duffie, William A. Beckman, Solar Energy: Thermal Processes, 4th Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2013 5. Duffie, J.A., Beckman, W.A. , “Solar Energy Thermal Process”, John Wiley and Sons,2007.
WEB SOURCES	1. https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/63a5/a69421b69d2ce9f359bbfc86c63556f9a4fb 2. https://books.google.vg/books?id=l-XHcwZo9XwC&sitesec=buy&source=gbs_vpt_read 3. www.nptel.ac.in/courses/112105051 4. www.freevideolectures.com 5. http://www.e-booksdirectory.com

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gained knowledge in fundamental aspects of solar energy utilization	K1
CO2	Equipped to take up related job by gaining industry exposure	K3
CO3	Develop entrepreneurial skills	K5
CO4	Skilled to approach the needy society with different types of solar cells	K4
CO5	Gained industrialist mindset by utilizing renewable source of energy	K2, K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

Elective VI -SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT		II YEAR – FOURTH SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHE44C	SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	ELECTIVE	1	-	3	3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Basic knowledge of solid waste and its type
Learning Objectives
➤ To gain basic knowledge in solid waste management procedures ➤ To gain industry exposure and be equipped to take up a job. ➤ To harness entrepreneurial skills. ➤ To analyze the status of solid waste management in the nearby areas. ➤ To sensitize the importance of healthy practices in waste managements

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	Introduction - Definition of solid waste - Types – Hazardous Waste: Resource conservation and Renewal act – Hazardous Waste: Municipal Solid waste and non-municipal solid waste.
UNIT II: SOLID WASTE CHARACTERISTICS	Solid Waste Characteristics: Physical and chemical characteristics - SWM hierarchy - factors affecting SW generation
UNIT III: TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT	Tools and equipment - Transportation - Disposal techniques - Composting and land filling technique
UNIT IV: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	SWM for economic development and environmental protection Linking SWM and climate change and marine litter.
UNIT V: INDUSTRIAL VISIT	SWM Industrial visit – data collection and analysis - presentation
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	- Handbook of Solid Waste Management /Second Edition, George Tchobanoglous, McGraw Hill (2002). - Prospects and Perspectives of Solid Waste Management, Prof. B BHosett, New Age International (P) Ltd (2006). - Solid and Hazardous Waste Management, Second Edition, M.N Rao, BS
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	Publications / BSPBooks (. (2020, <i>Sc.PhysicsSyllabus</i> 2023 4. Integrated Solid Waste Management Engineering Principles and Management, Tchobanoglous, McGraw Hill (2014). 5. Solid Waste Management (SWM), VasudevanRajaram, PHI learning private limited, 2016
REFERENCE BOOKS	1. Municipal Solid Waste Management, Christian Ludwig, Samuel Stucki, Stefanie Hellweg, Springer Berlin Heisenberg, 2012 2. Solid Waste Management Bhide A. D Indian National Scientific Documentation Centre, New Delhi Edition 1983 ASIN: B0018MZ0C2 3. Solid Waste Tchobanoglous George; Kreith, Frank McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi 2002, ISBN 9780071356237 4. Environmental Studies Manjunath D. L. Pearson Education Publication, New Delhi, 2006 ISBN-I3: 978-8131709122 5. Solid Waste Management Sasikumar K. PHI learning, New Delhi, 2009 ISBN 8120338693
WEB SOURCES	1. https://www.meripustak.com/Integrated-Solid-Waste-Management-Engineering-Principles-And-Management-Issues-125648 2. https://testbook.com/learn/environmental-engineering-solid-waste-management/ 3. https://www.meripustak.com&gclid=Cj0KCQjwuuKXBhCRARIsA-gM0iVpismAJN93CHA1sX6NuNeOKLXfQJ_jxHCOVH3QXjJ1iACq30KofoaAmFsEALw_wcB 4. https://images.app.goo.gl/tYiW2gUPfS2cxdD28 5. https://amzn.eu/d/5VUSTDI

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gained knowledge in solid waste management	K1
CO2	Equipped to take up related job by gaining industry exposure	K5
CO3	Develop entrepreneurial skills	K3
CO4	Will be able to analyze and manage the status of the solid wastes in the nearby areas	K4
CO5	Adequately sensitized in managing solid wastes in and around his/her locality	K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3

Strong (3) Medium (2) and Low (1)

NME- II DATA ANALYSIS BY ORIGIN SOFTWARE	II YEAR – FOURTH SEMESTER
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Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	T	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
P23PHS40 2	DATA ANALYSIS BY ORIGIN SOFTWARE	NME	4			2	4	75

Objectives:

- To develop understanding of the basics of Data analysis using Origin software.
- To enhance practical skills to analyze data using Origin software.
- To Determine baseline and curve fitting
- To Acquire skills to install and start-up origin software
- To Analyze data with Origin 7.5 version

Unit 1: Basic Data Analysis

Starting Origin, Reading Data, Subtracting Reference Data, Viewing Worksheet Data, Normalizing the Data, creating a Baseline, Fitting the Data, The Fitting Session, Calibration, Error analysis. Setting Range and Integrating the Data, Displaying the Integration Results, Plotting the Integration Area Data

Unit 2: Baseline Determinations & Curve Fitting

Starting the Baseline Session, User Adjustment of Linear Segments, choosing a Baseline Option, Cursor Draw Baseline - General Comment, Fitting Example 1, Fitting Example 2, Fitting Example 3

χ^2 (chi-sqr) Minimization, Response Time – VP-DSC, Line Types for Fit Curves, Inserting an Origin graph into Microsoft® Word.

Unit 3: Origin version 7.5

Introduction, installing origin, uninstalling origin, selecting a User Files Folder, Licensing Origin, Registering Origin, Setting the Origin Display Language.

Introduction, Data Exchange, Analysis, Programming, The Origin Workspace, Origin Project Files, Project Windows, Window Templates, Themes, Tutorials

Reference

1. DSC Data Analysis in Origin ® Tutorial Guide Version 5.0 - October 1998
2. <https://www.chem.purdue.edu/courses/chm224/Miscellaneous/INTRODUCTION%20TO%20ORIGIN%202012.pdf>
3. <https://www.originlab.com/pdfs/GettingStarted.PDF>
4. https://www.originlab.com/pdfs/Origin_8.1_Getting_Started_Booklet.pdf

Course Outcome:

CO1: Understand basics of data analysis [K2]

CO2: Identify the selector tools and integrating the data [K4]

CO3: Determine baseline and curve fitting [K5]

CO4: Computing χ^2 and making use of details in Origin [K5]

CO5: Acquire skills to install and start-up origin software 7.5 version [K2]

Outcome Mapping

PO/CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3

Strongly correlating (S) : 3 Marks

Moderately correlating (M): 2 Marks

Weekly correlating (W) : 1 Marks

No correlation (N) : -